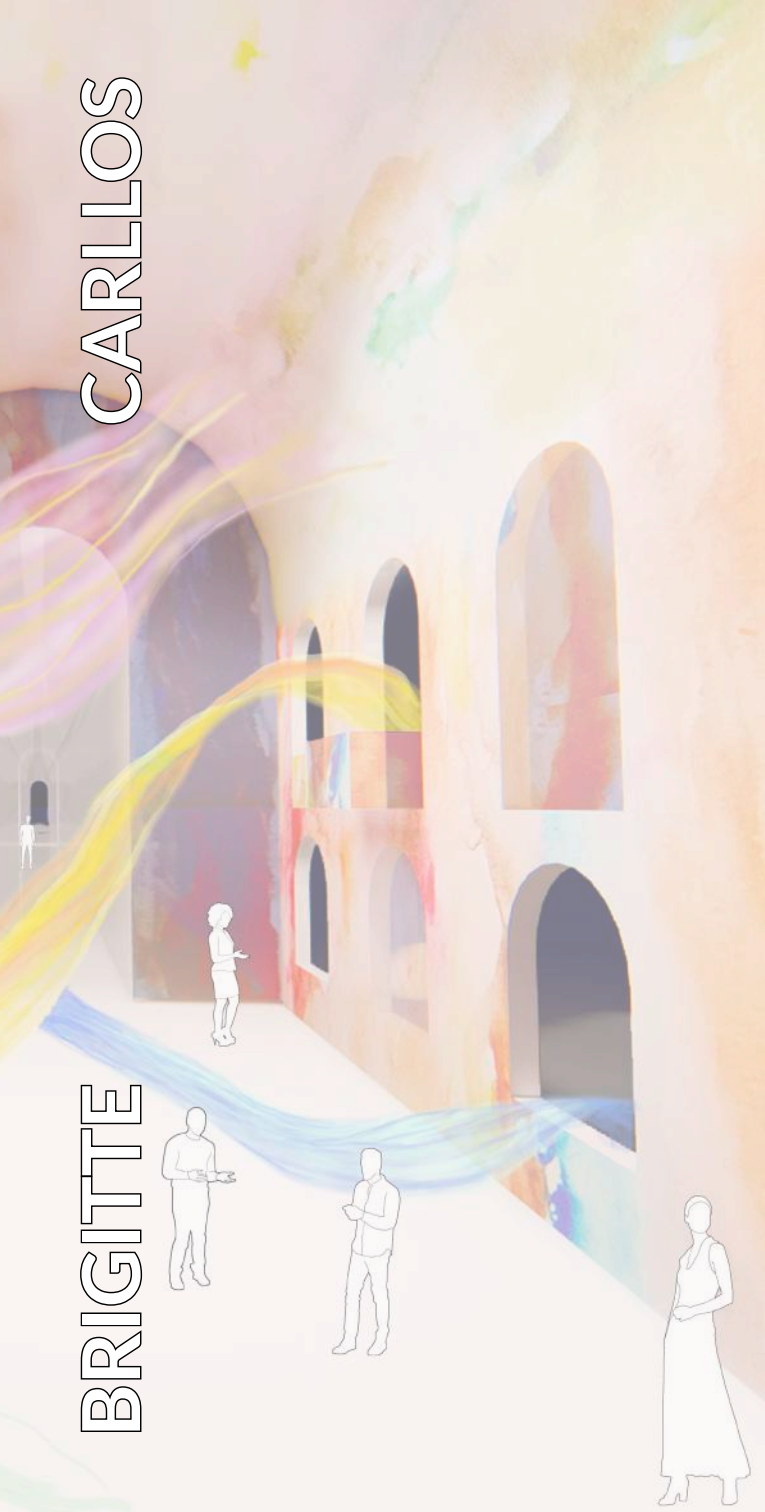


CARLLOS



BRIGITTE



ARCHITECTURE

PORTFOLIO



## Bicentennial Schools Nuestra Señora de la Visitación

Lima, Perú

The Bicentennial Schools Program is Peru's first large-scale public investment initiative focused on improving educational infrastructure. The program spans 9 regions and 21 districts in Lima, aiming to benefit over 114,000 students and reduce the national infrastructure gap in education.

I contributed as an architect to the Pilot Package, the first group of four schools within this initiative. The school designs were based on the Modular School Catalogue, using a flexible, modular system tailored to local needs. The entire process was developed using a BIM workflow, including 3D modeling of architecture, structure, and MEP; cost estimation; clash detection; and interdisciplinary coordination. The design phase has been completed, and the schools are now built and in operation.

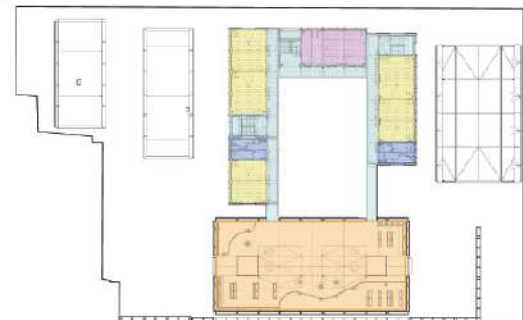




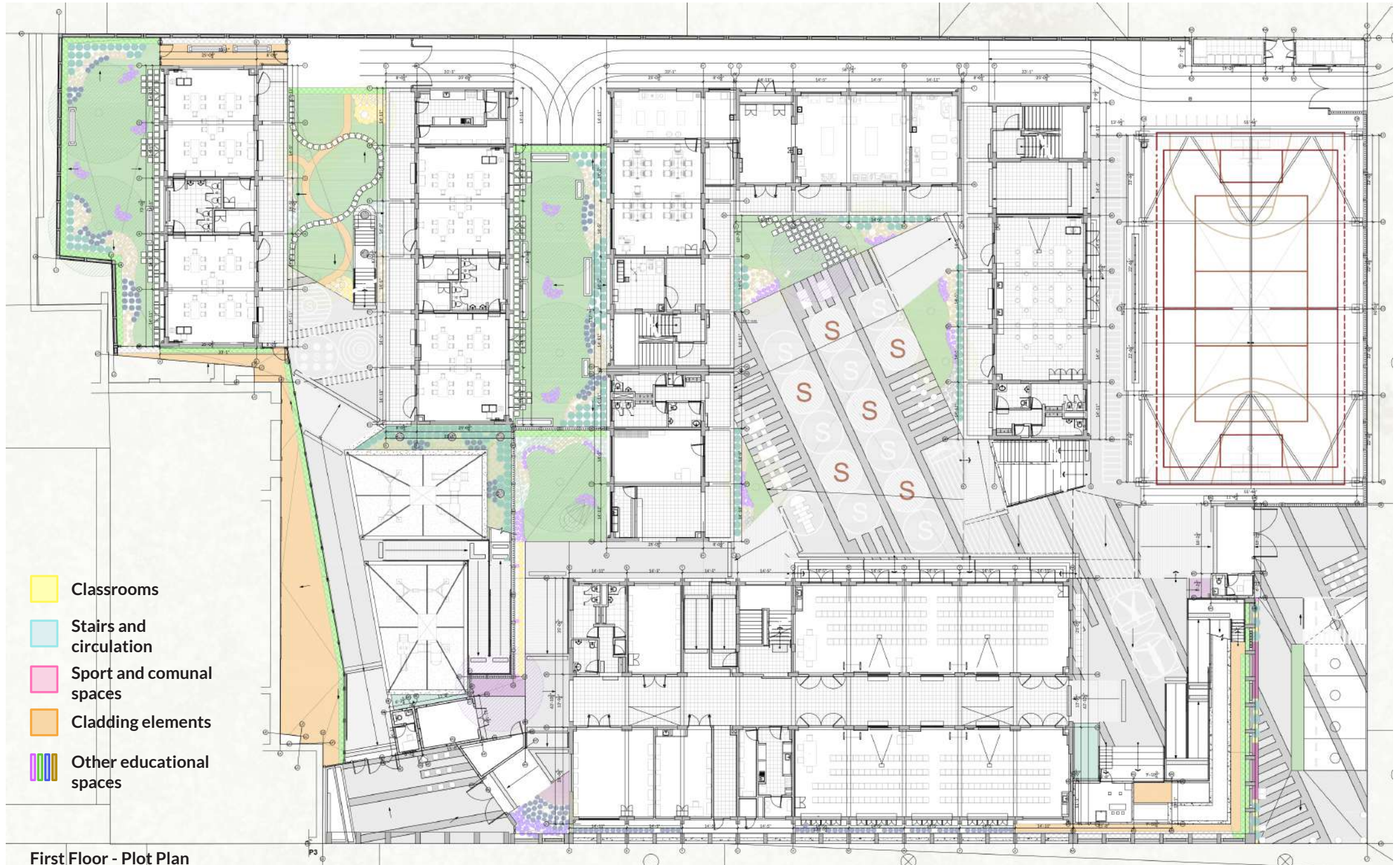
First Floor



Second Floor

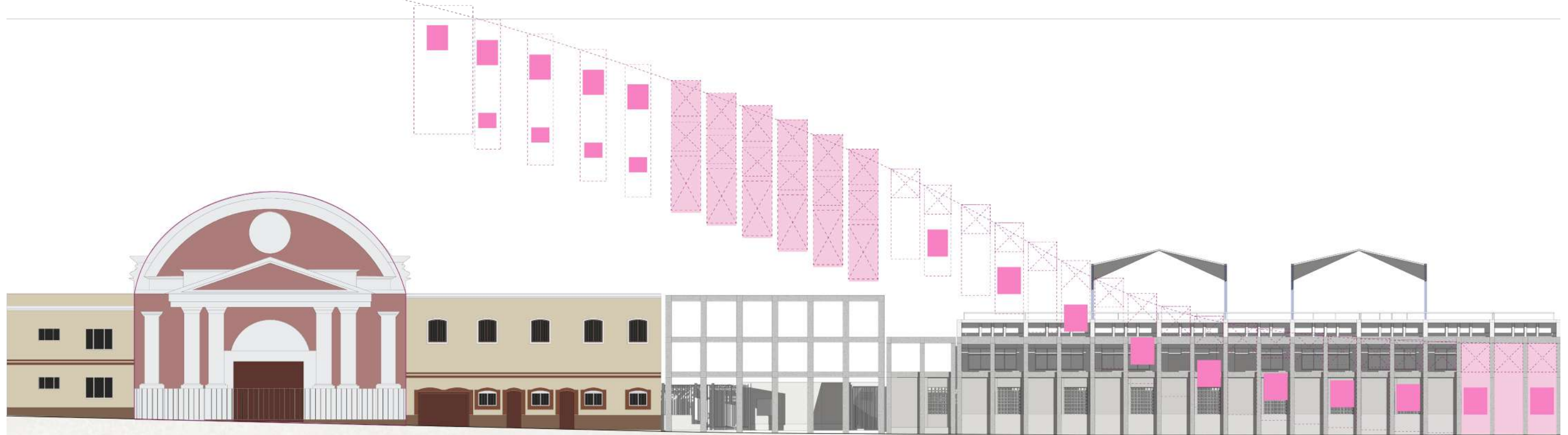
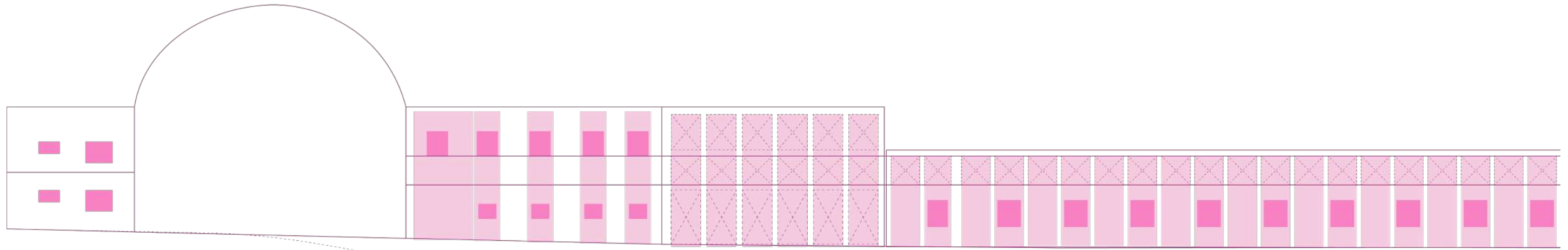


Third Floor

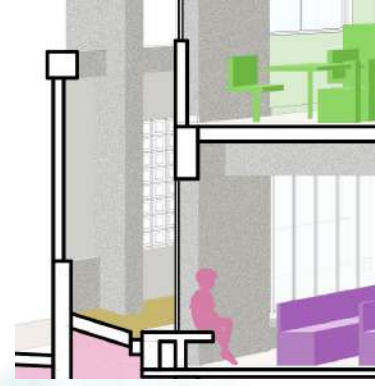


- Classrooms
- Stairs and circulation
- Sport and comunal spaces
- Cladding elements
- Other educational spaces

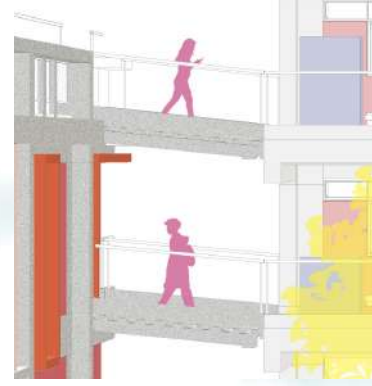
First Floor - Plot Plan



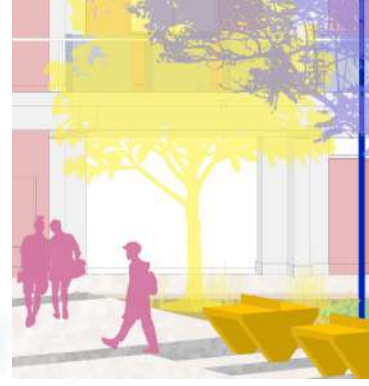
Elevation that reflects compliance with local architectural styles



Social scenarios in classrooms



Connection between all levels

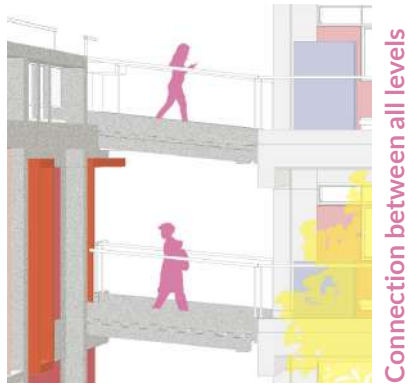


Landscape design

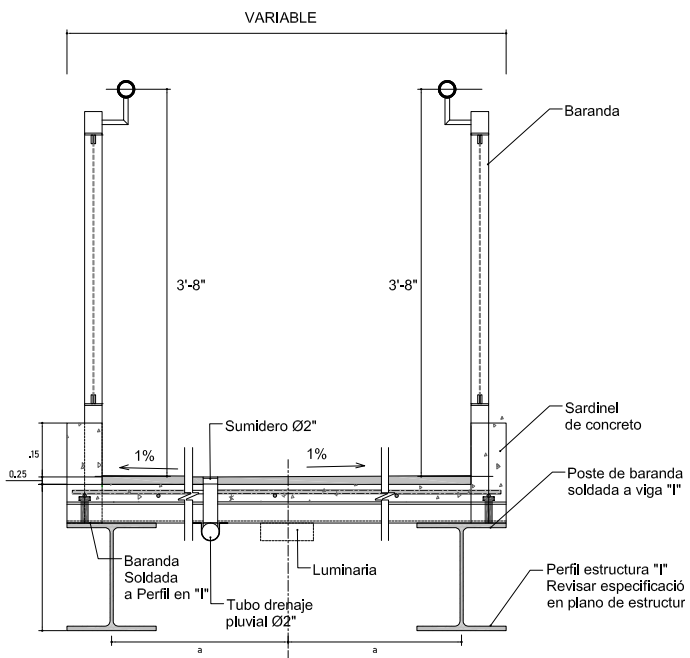


Interactive roof spaces

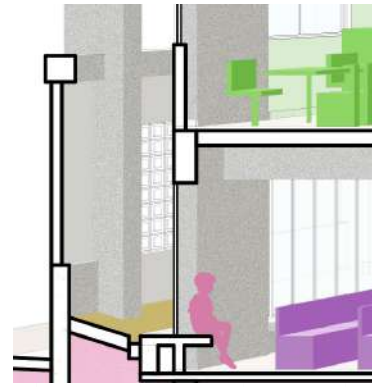
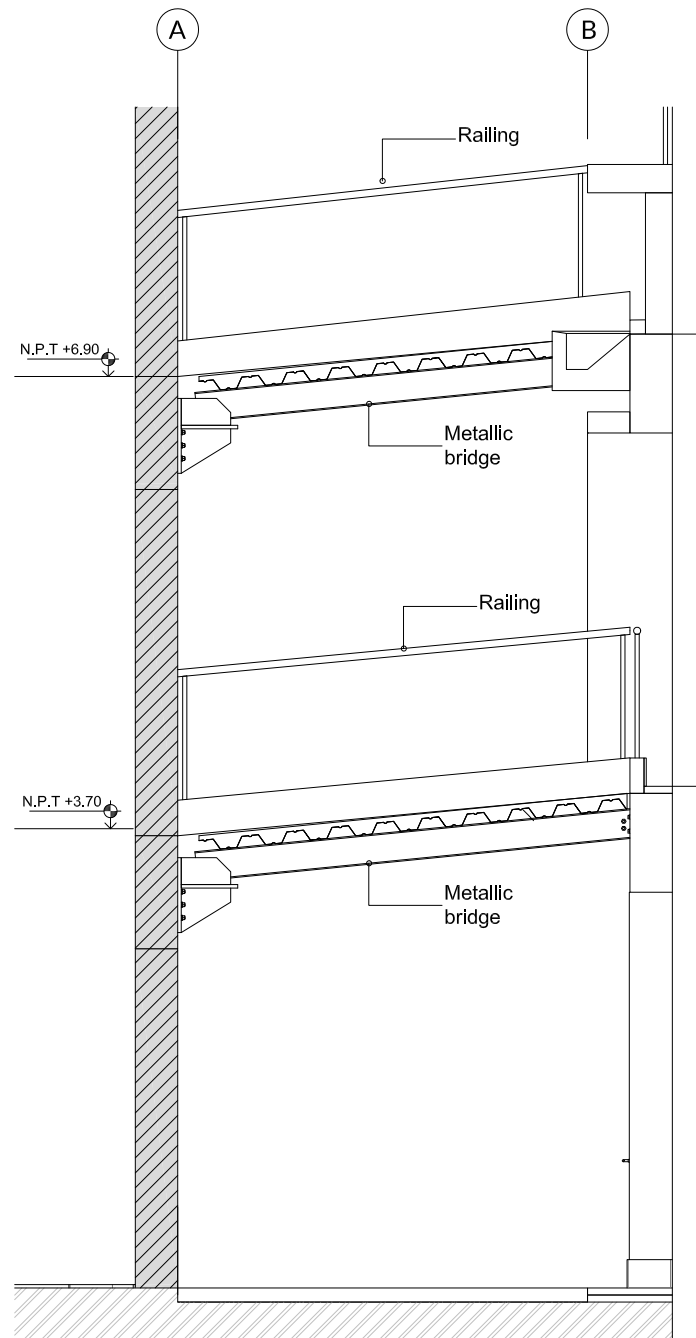




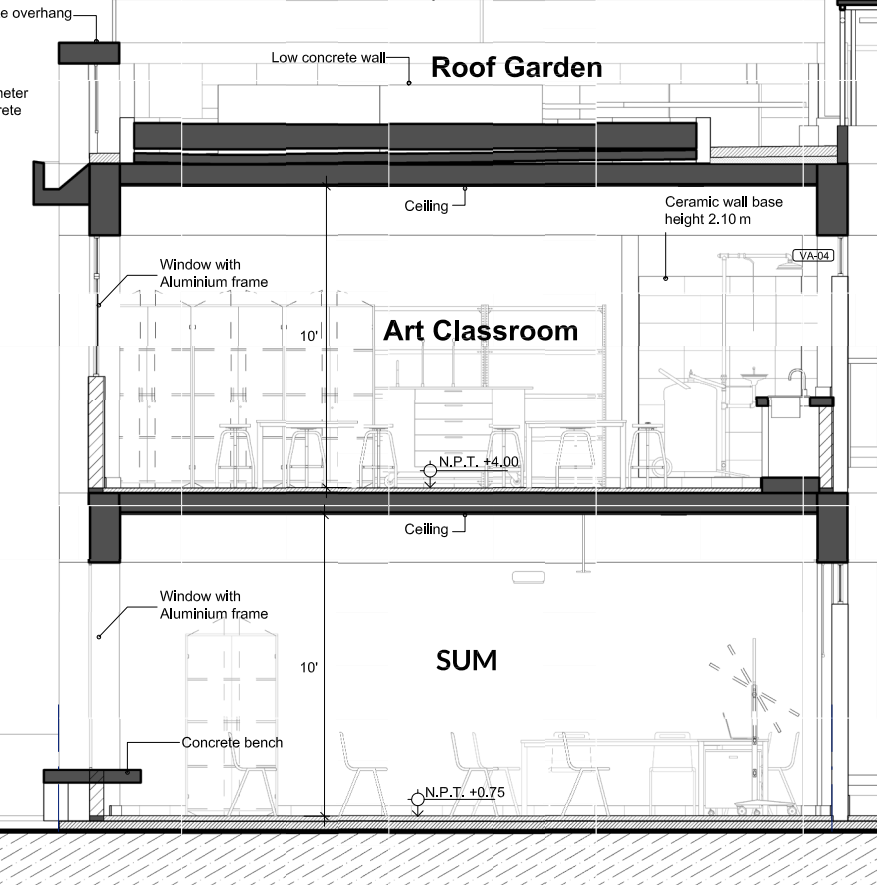
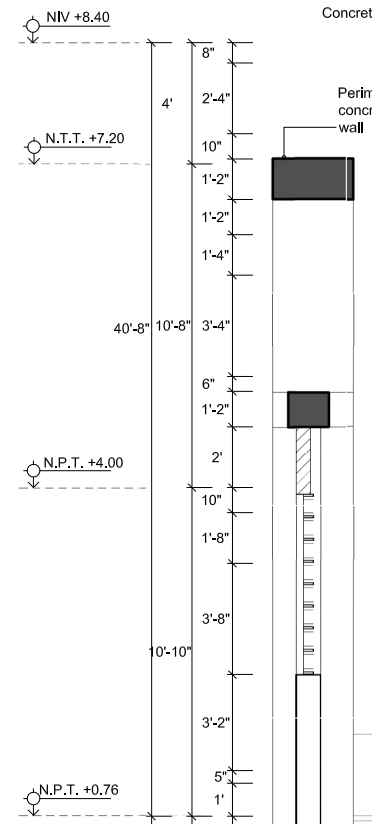
Connection between all levels

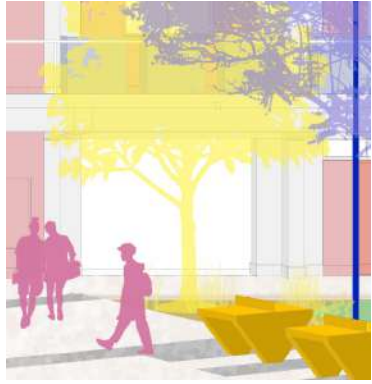


These details were developed by the project team, and I contributed as an architectural drafter.



Social scenarios in classrooms

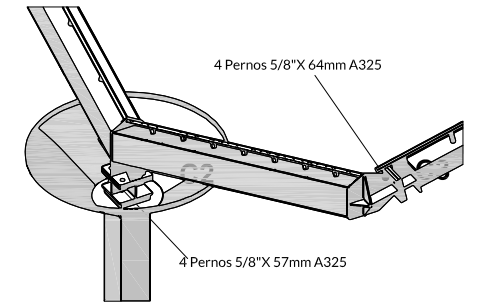
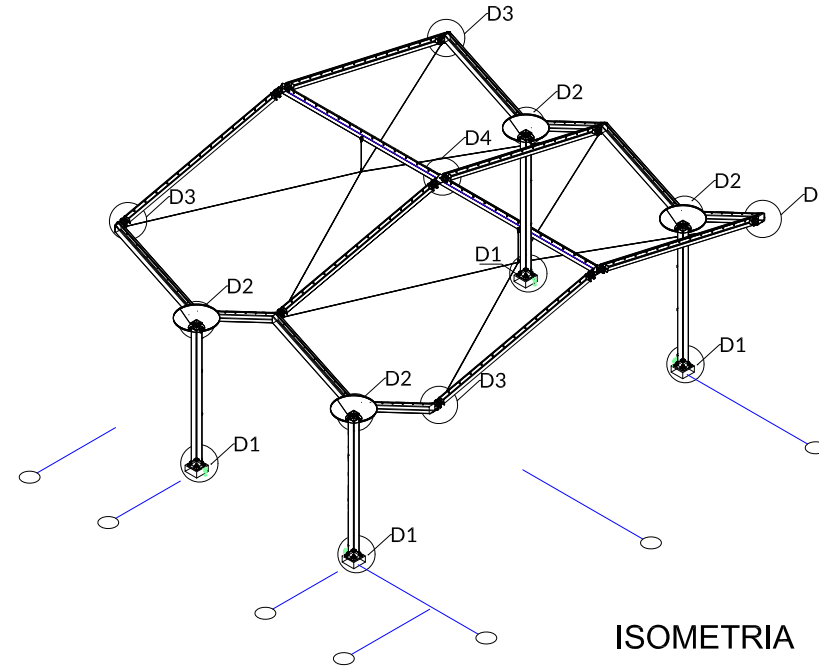
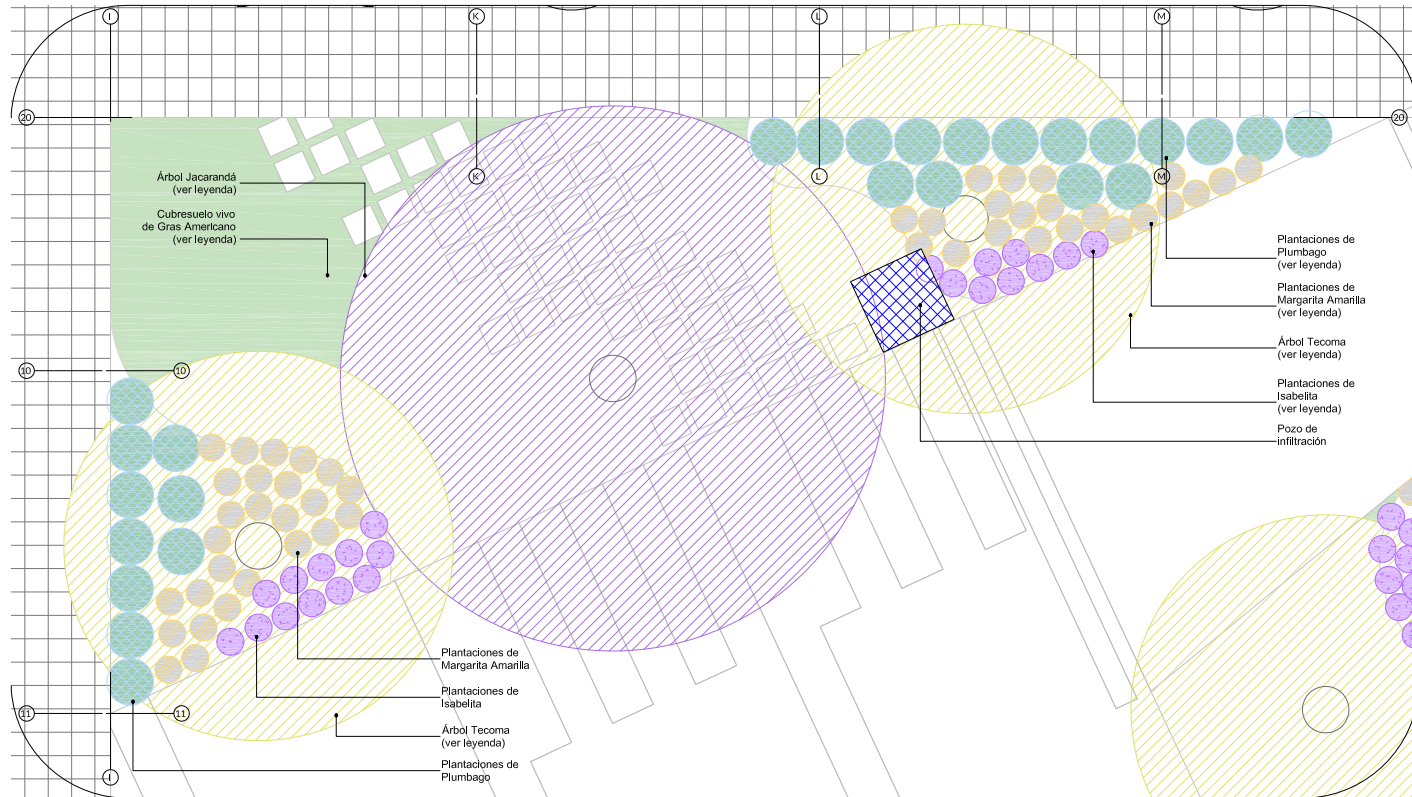




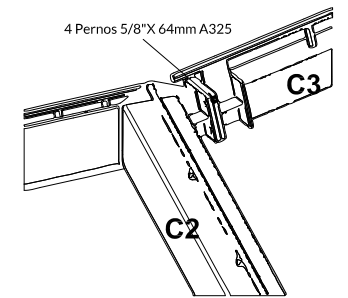
Landscape design



Interactive roof spaces



Detalle D2  
 Conexión a columna



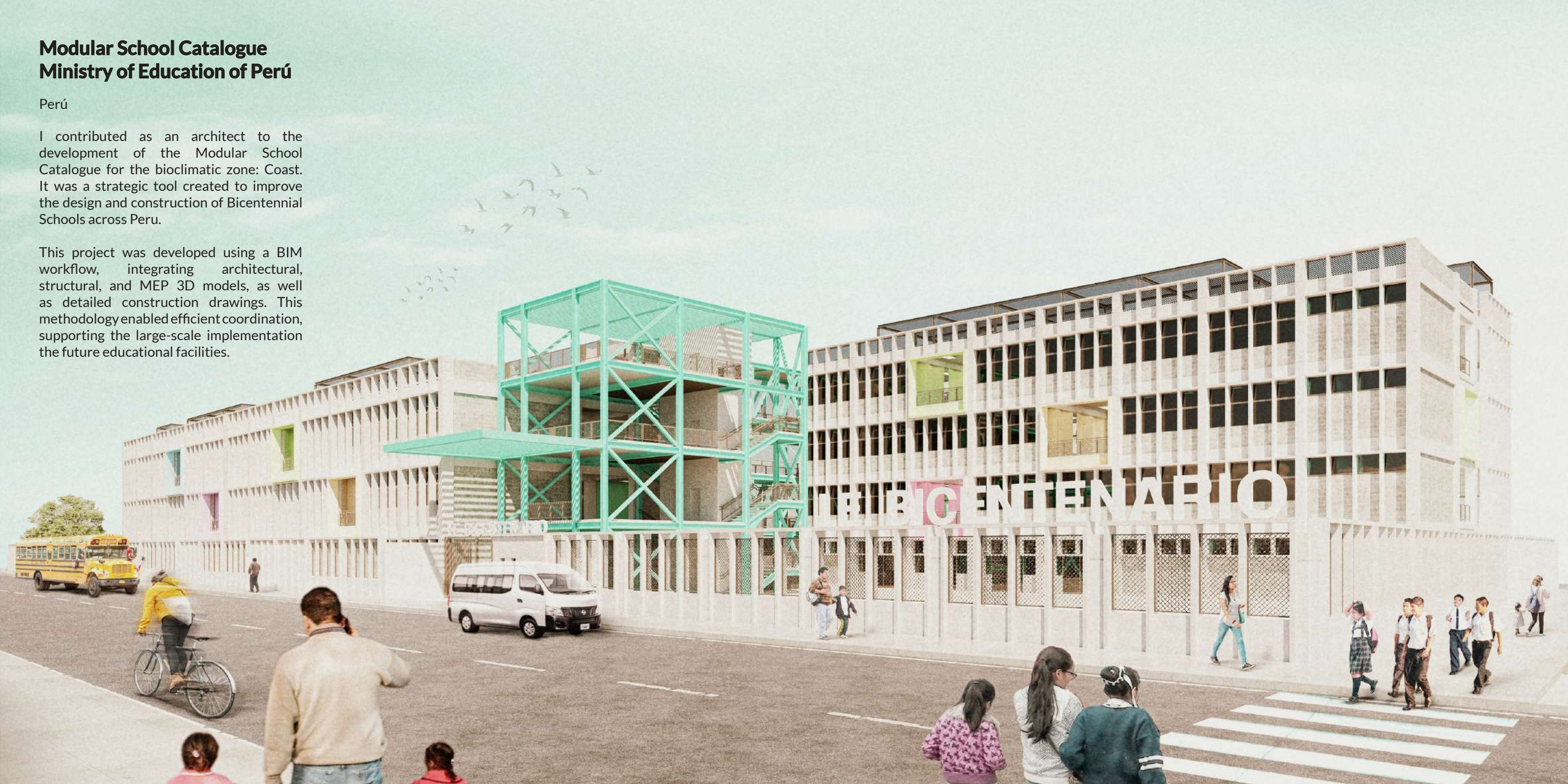
Detalle D3  
 Conexión en perímetro

## Modular School Catalogue Ministry of Education of Perú

Perú

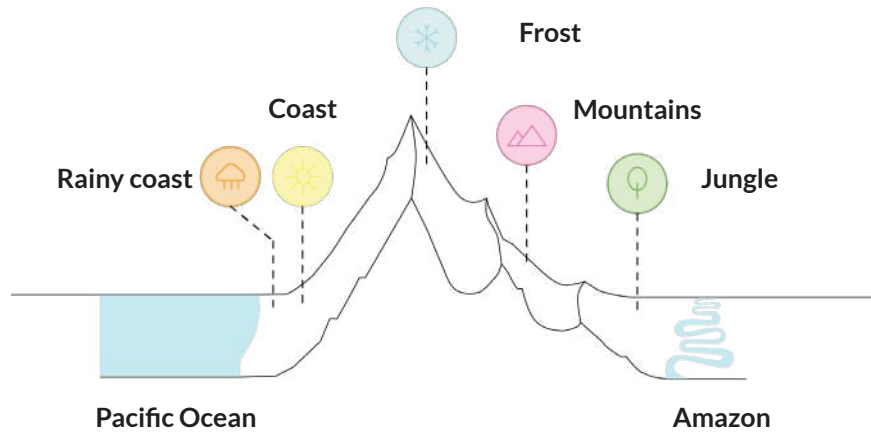
I contributed as an architect to the development of the Modular School Catalogue for the bioclimatic zone: Coast. It was a strategic tool created to improve the design and construction of Bicentennial Schools across Peru.

This project was developed using a BIM workflow, integrating architectural, structural, and MEP 3D models, as well as detailed construction drawings. This methodology enabled efficient coordination, supporting the large-scale implementation of the future educational facilities.





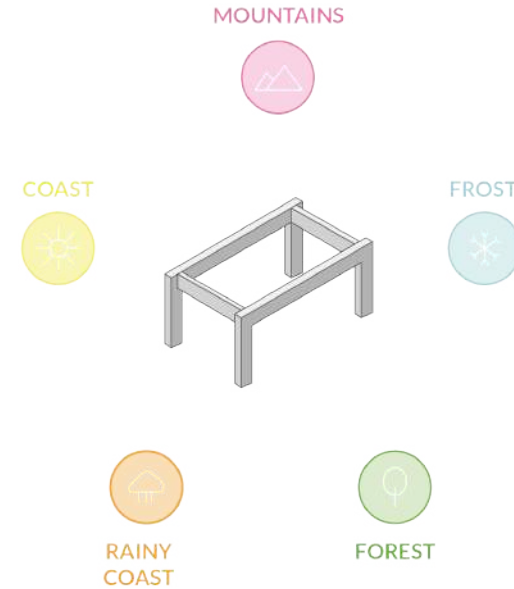
## The Problem



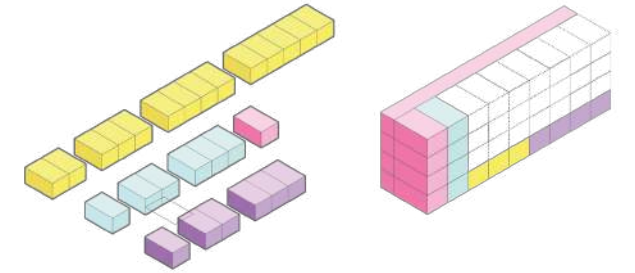
Bioclimatic zones of Peru

Deficient educational infraestructure fails to meet the standards to bioclimatic and geografical diversity of Peru.

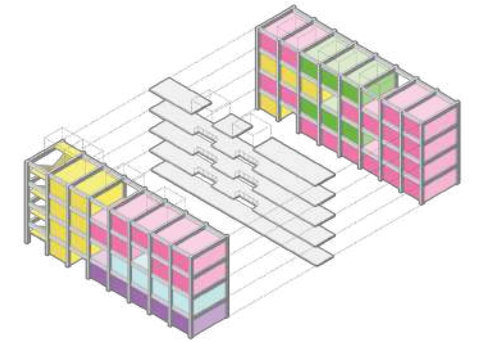
## Solution



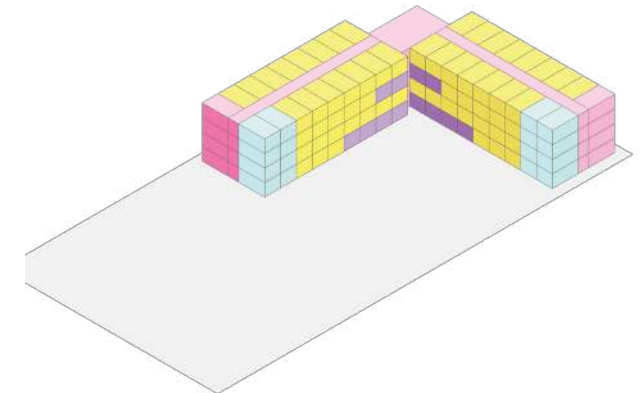
Catalogues of Modular Schools for each bioclimatic zone of Peru.



1. Architectural educational program



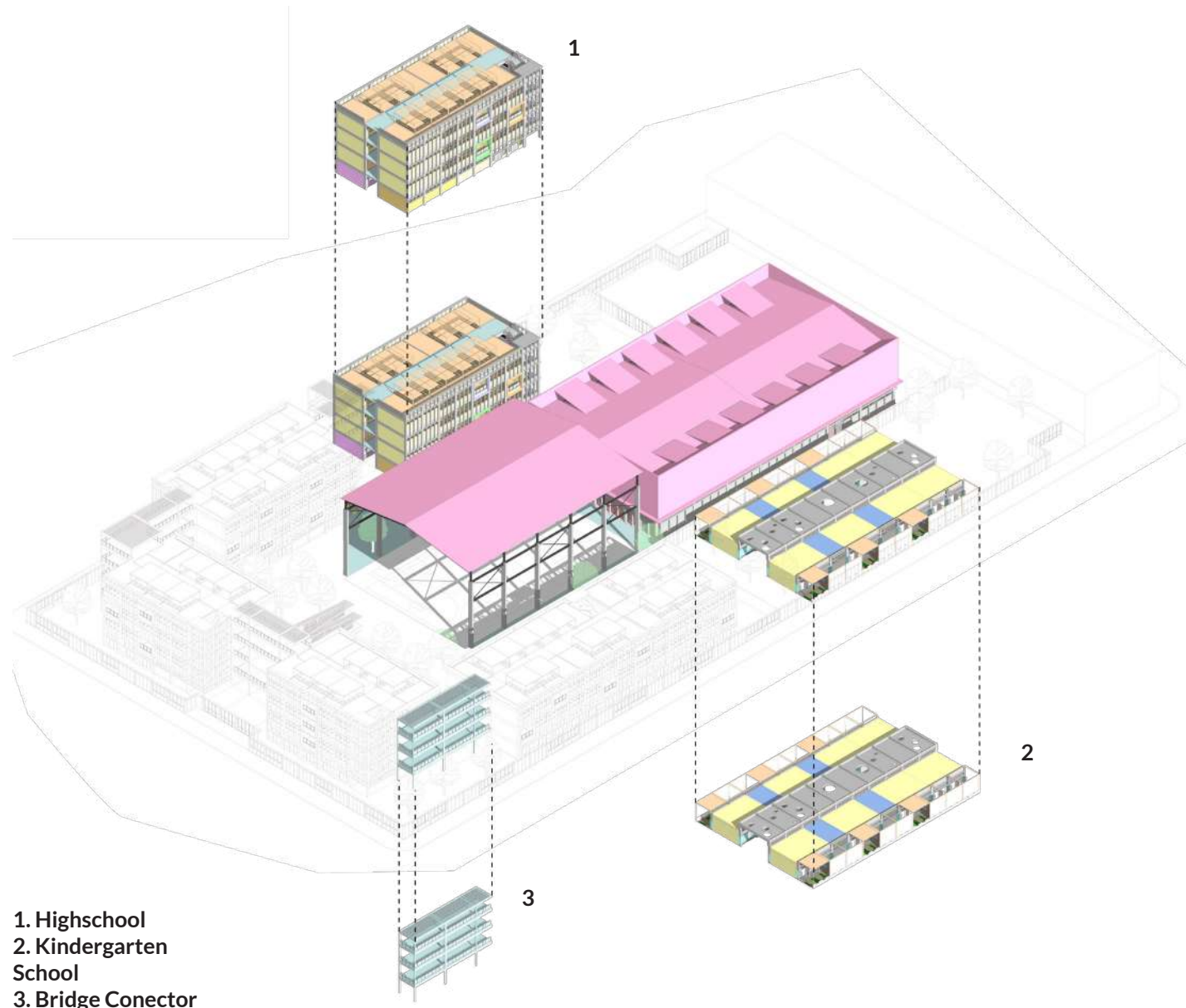
2. Assembly process of a modular pavillion



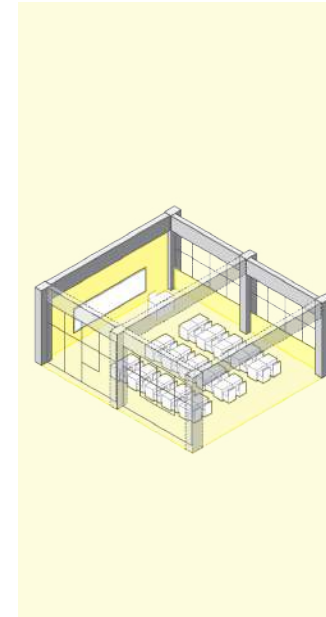
3. Educational Pavillions placed in the terrain

Assembly steps

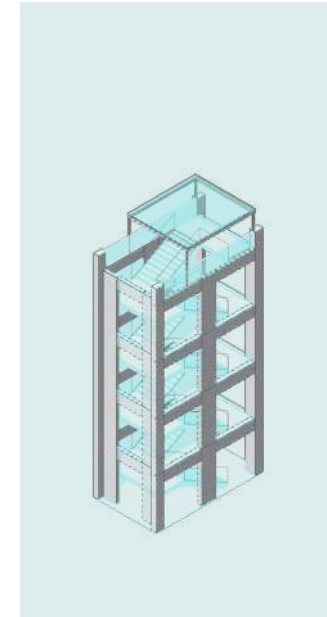
# Assembly example



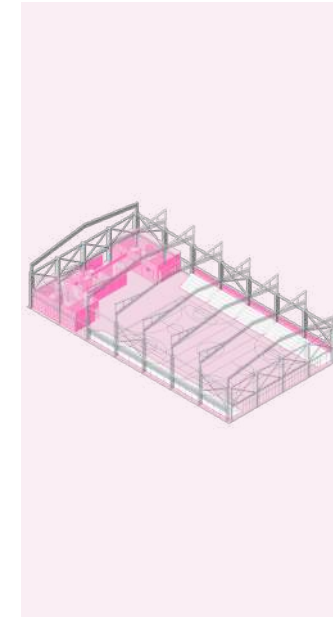
## Classrooms



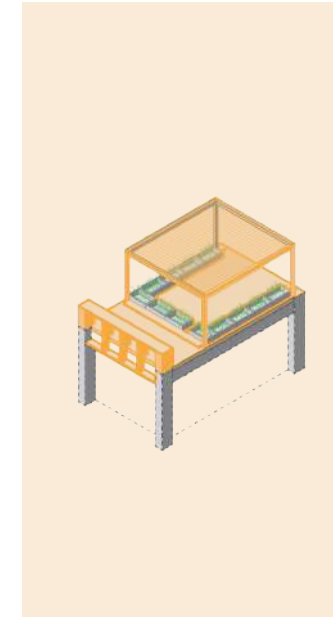
## Stairs and circulation



## Sport and comunal spaces



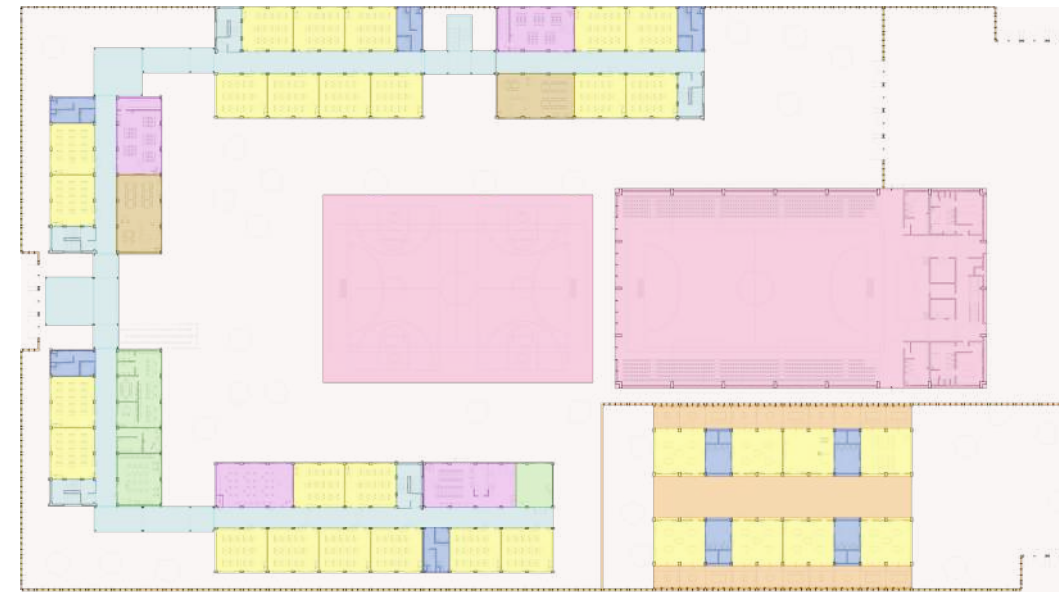
## Especial Modules






## Type of modules

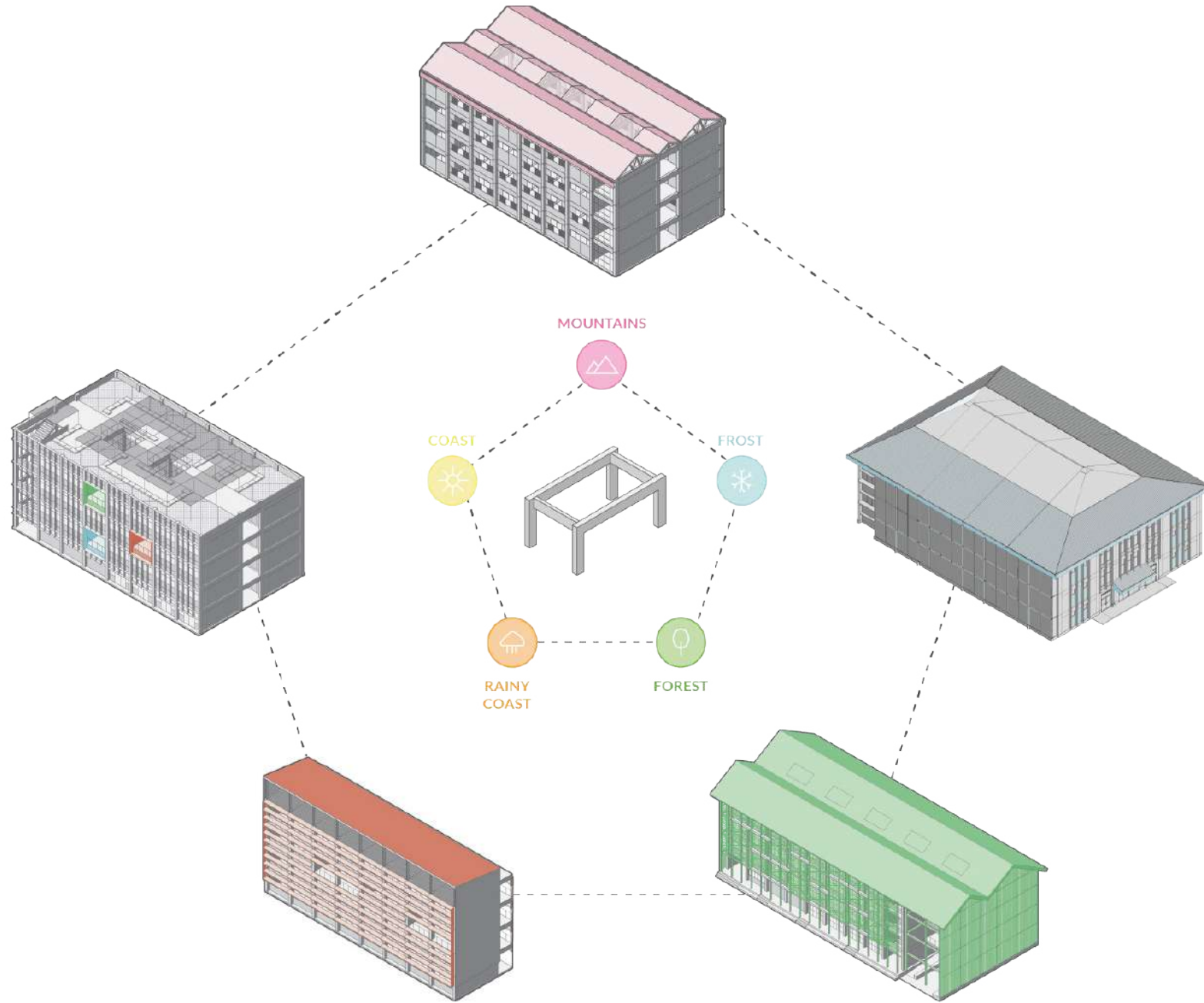
- Classrooms
- Stairs and circulation
- Sport and comunal spaces
- Especial Modules
- Other educational spaces

## Floor plan

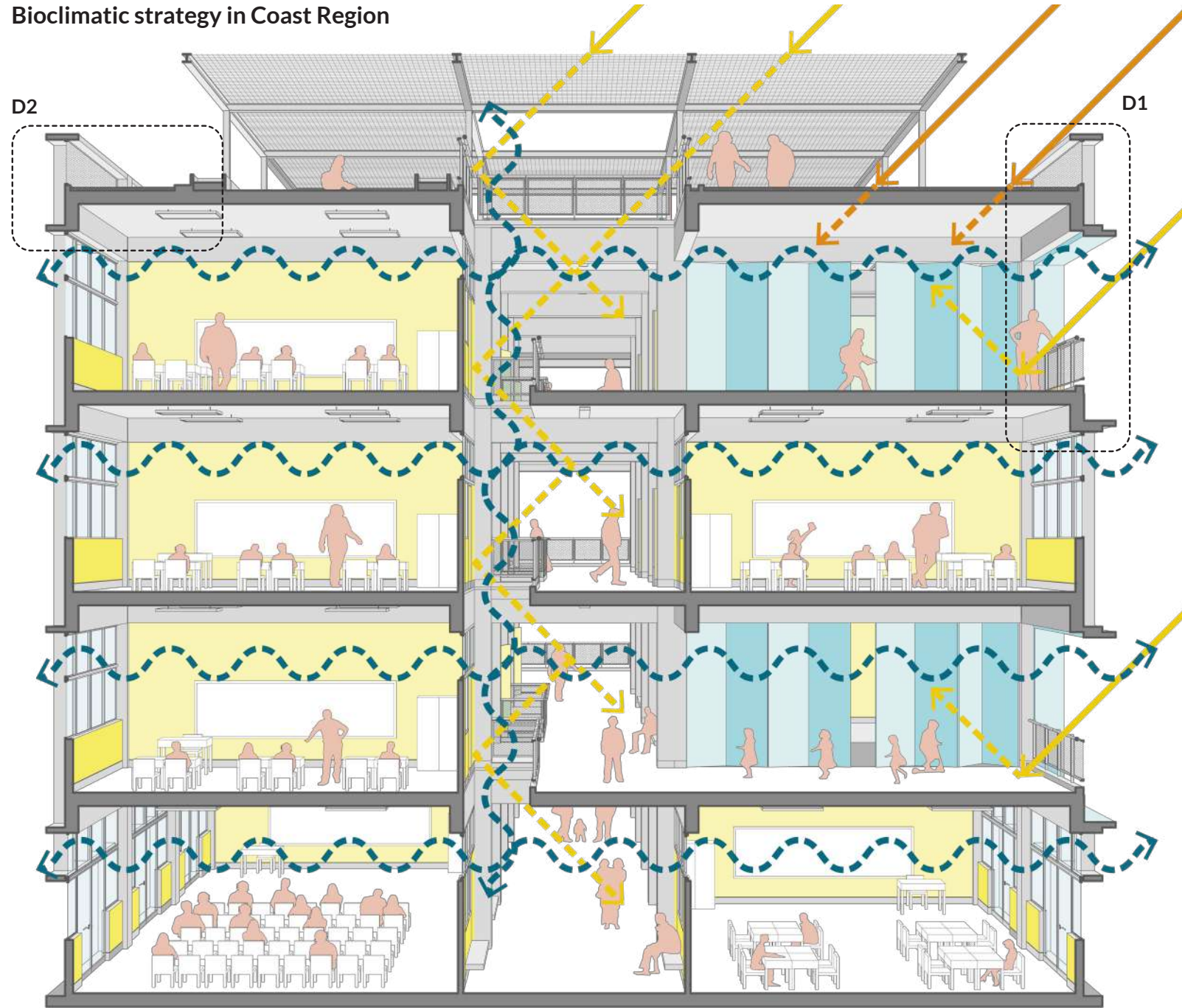


# Positive impact of this project

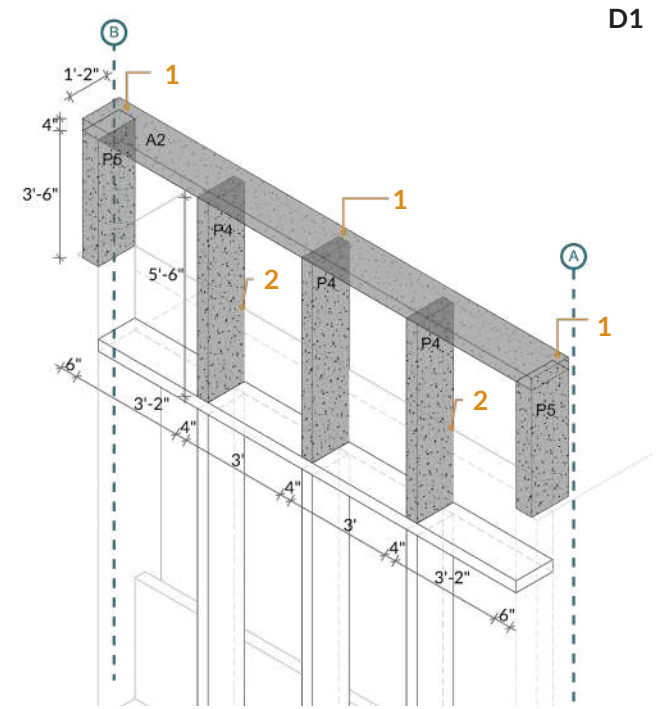
-  +139,000 students
-  7 Regions of Peru
-  75 projected schools



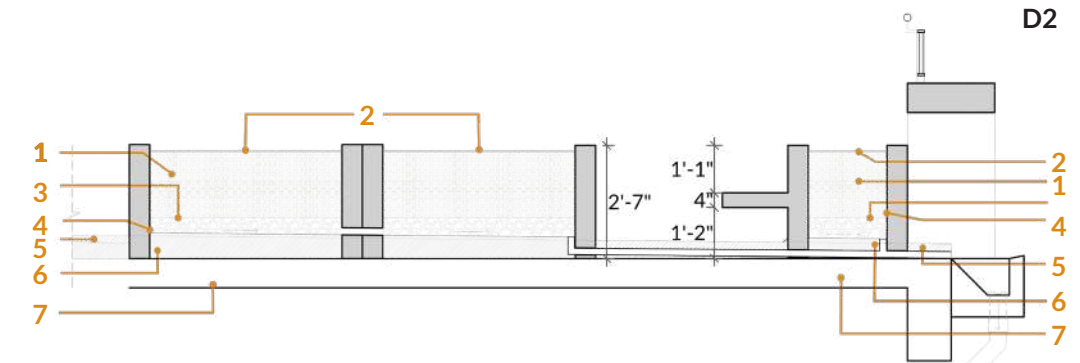
# Bioclimatic strategy in Coast Region



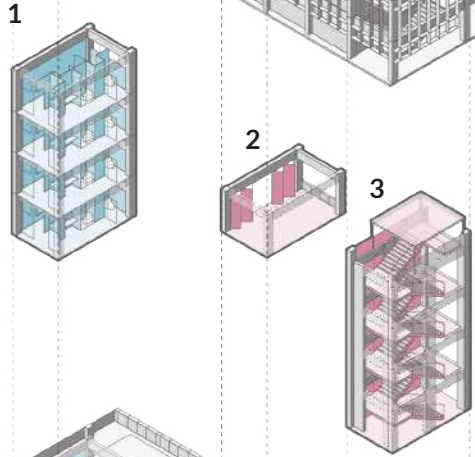
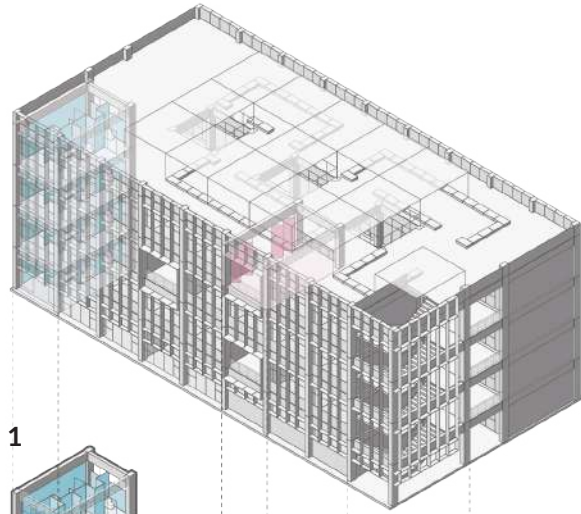
- D1**
1. Anchor between panels
  2. Fiberglass concrete panels



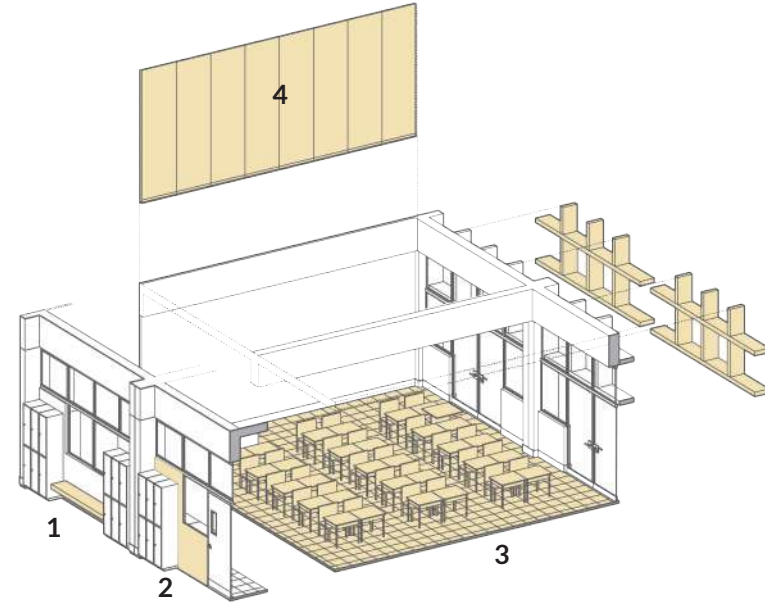
- D1**
1. Sand + Earth Compost
  2. Vegetation
  3. Filtering sheet
  4. Anti-root isolating membrane
  5. Semi-polished concrete floor
  6. Cementitious membrane with EPS beads
  7. Slab



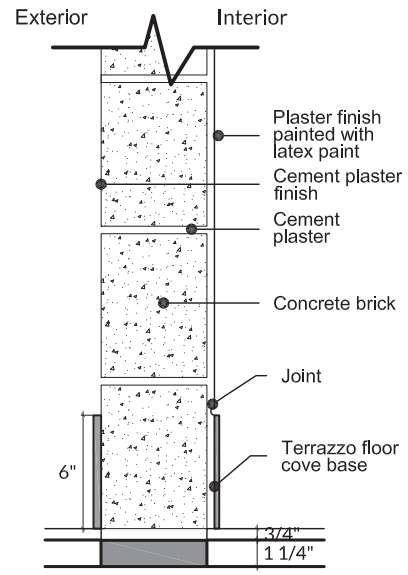
# Construction Details



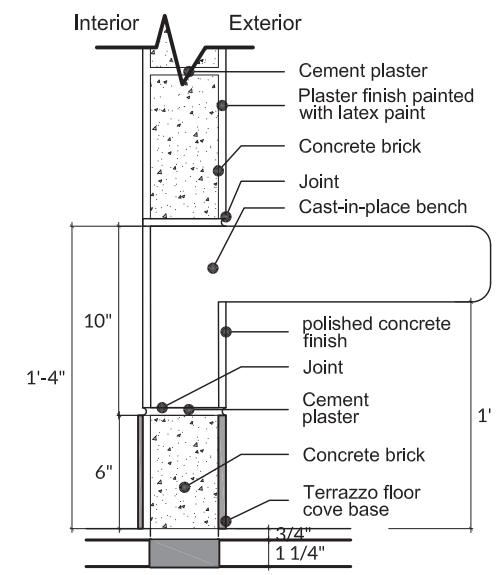
- 1. Restroom core
- 2. Assemble module
- 3. Stairs and circulation



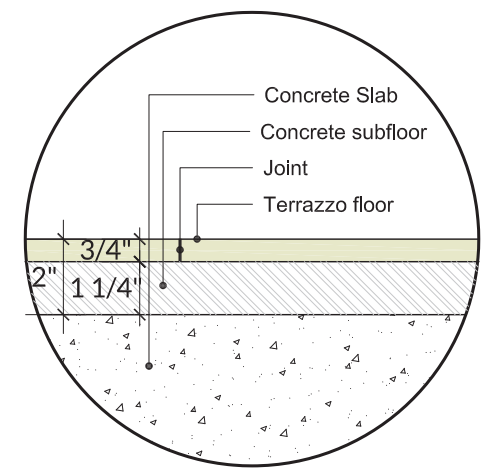
Typical details legend in a classroom



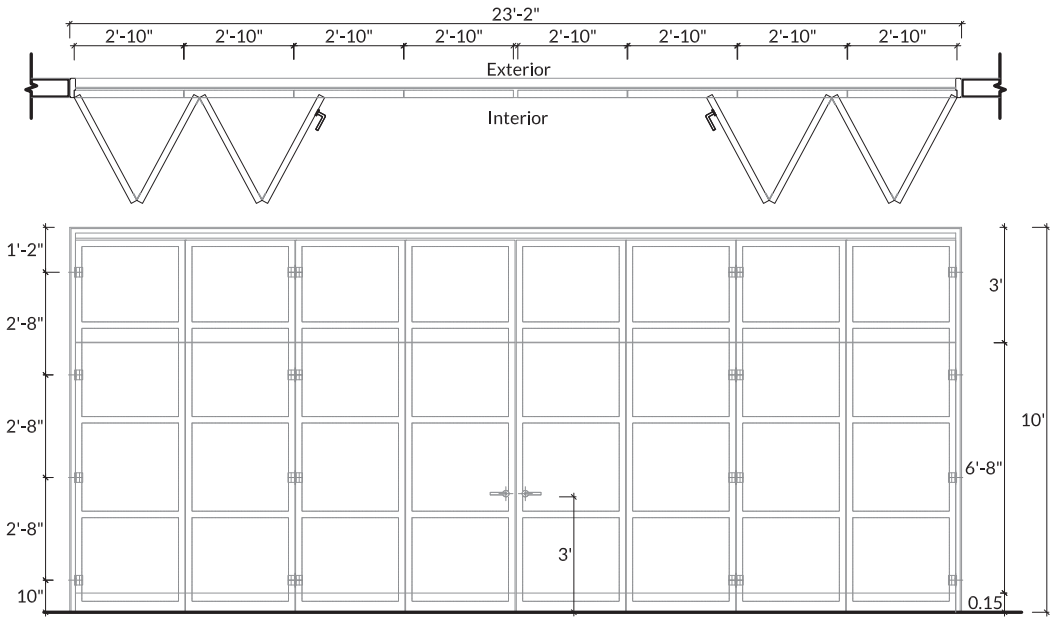
1. Wall Section



2. Bench Section



3. Floor Detail



4. Door Detail

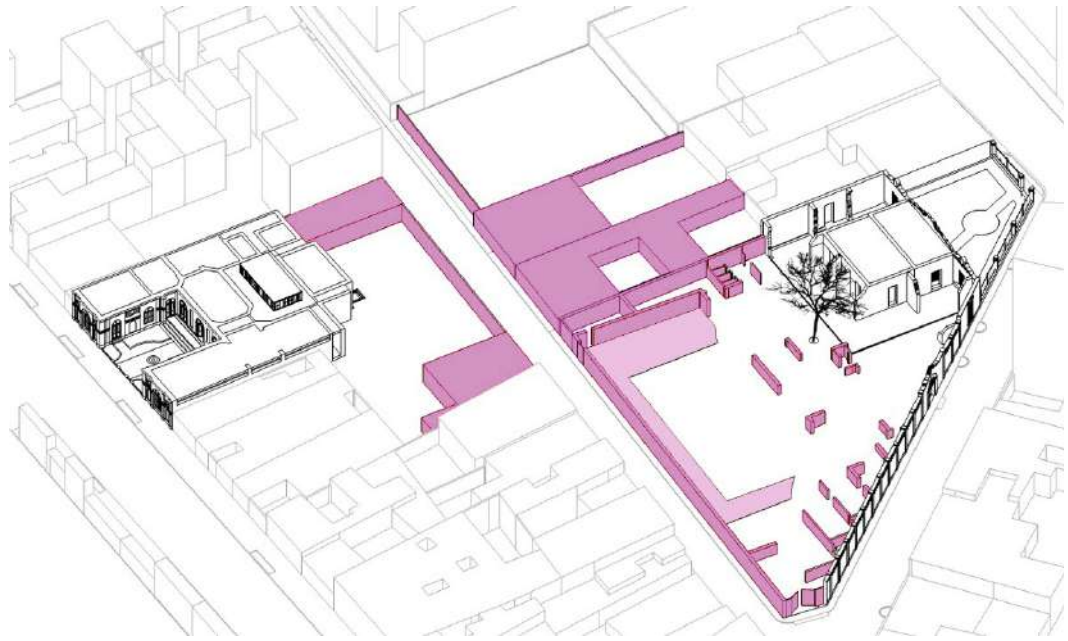
## Music Center in Chorrillos

Lima, Peru

One of my strongest professional motivations is the preservation of Peruvian cultural heritage. This project is located in Chorrillos, a historic district rich in heritage but affected by war, natural disasters, and the desertion of urban areas.

The proposal aims to revitalize two historic houses—Casa de la Cultura de Chorrillos and the Mariano Ignacio Prado Villa—through an urban intervention that connects them with a new public building: a Music Development Center. This center is designed to enhance Peru's cultural infrastructure by offering performance spaces and music classrooms for children, youth, and adults.

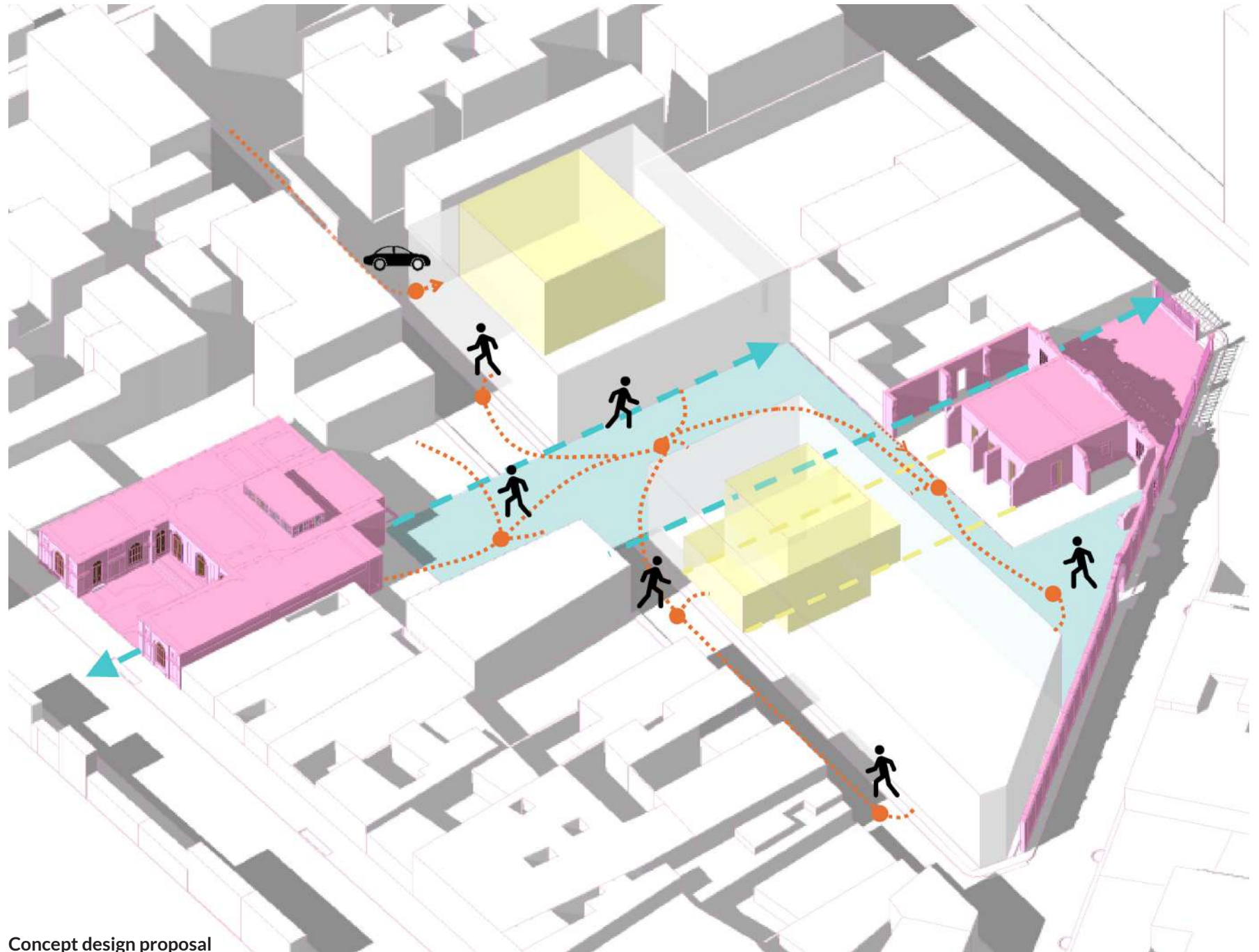




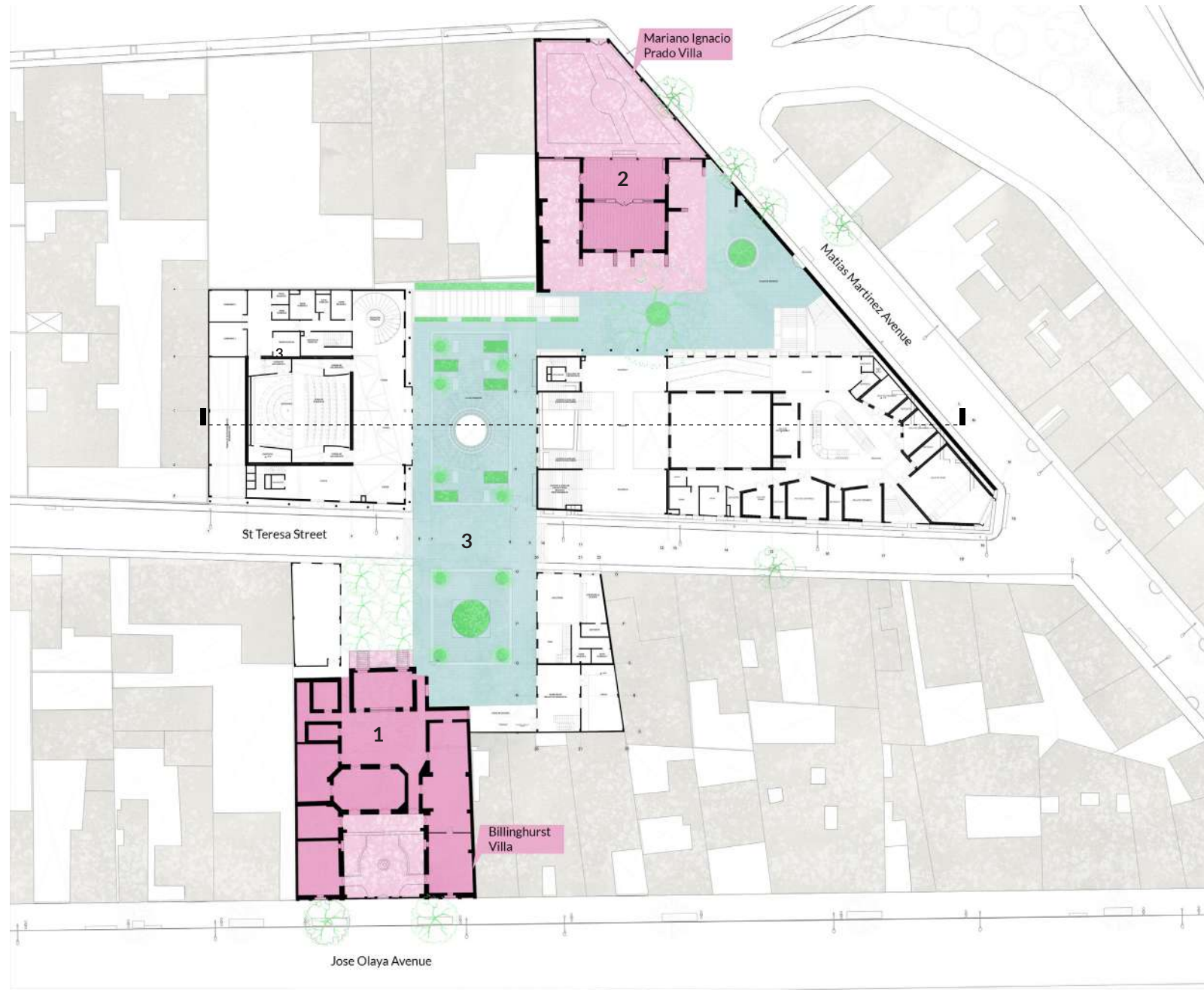
Historic buildings after earthquake (1976)



Existing buildings issues



Concept design proposal



1. Billingham Villa 2. Mariano Ignacio Prado Villa 3. Main public space



Proposal for the urban regeneration



Existing buildings issues



Midi Visualization of the song "La Flor de la Canela" - Chabuca Granda



Design of the Facade

The new architecture respects the original facades while introducing an innovative interior. Interior spaces are acoustically optimized to support both professional and amateur musical education.

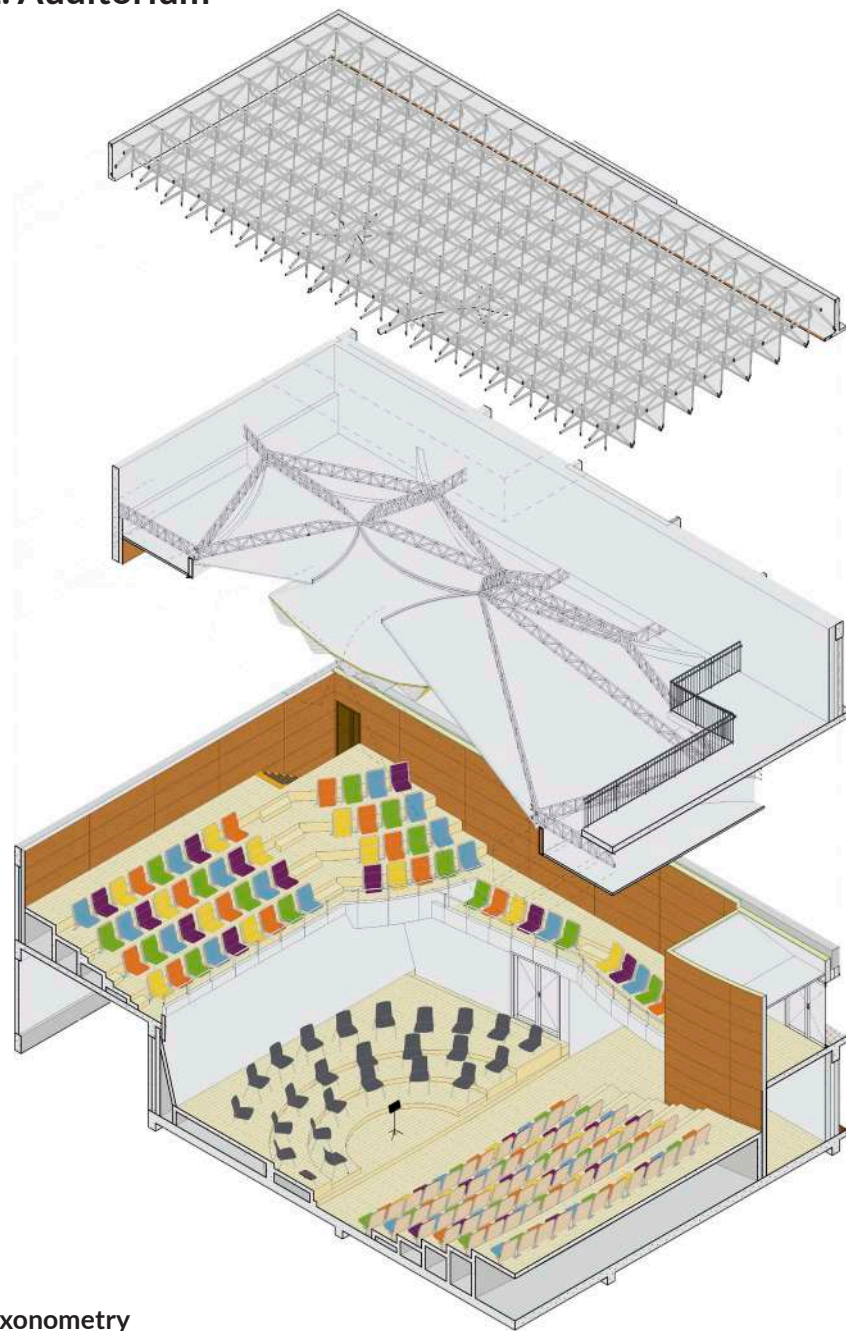


Longitudinal Section

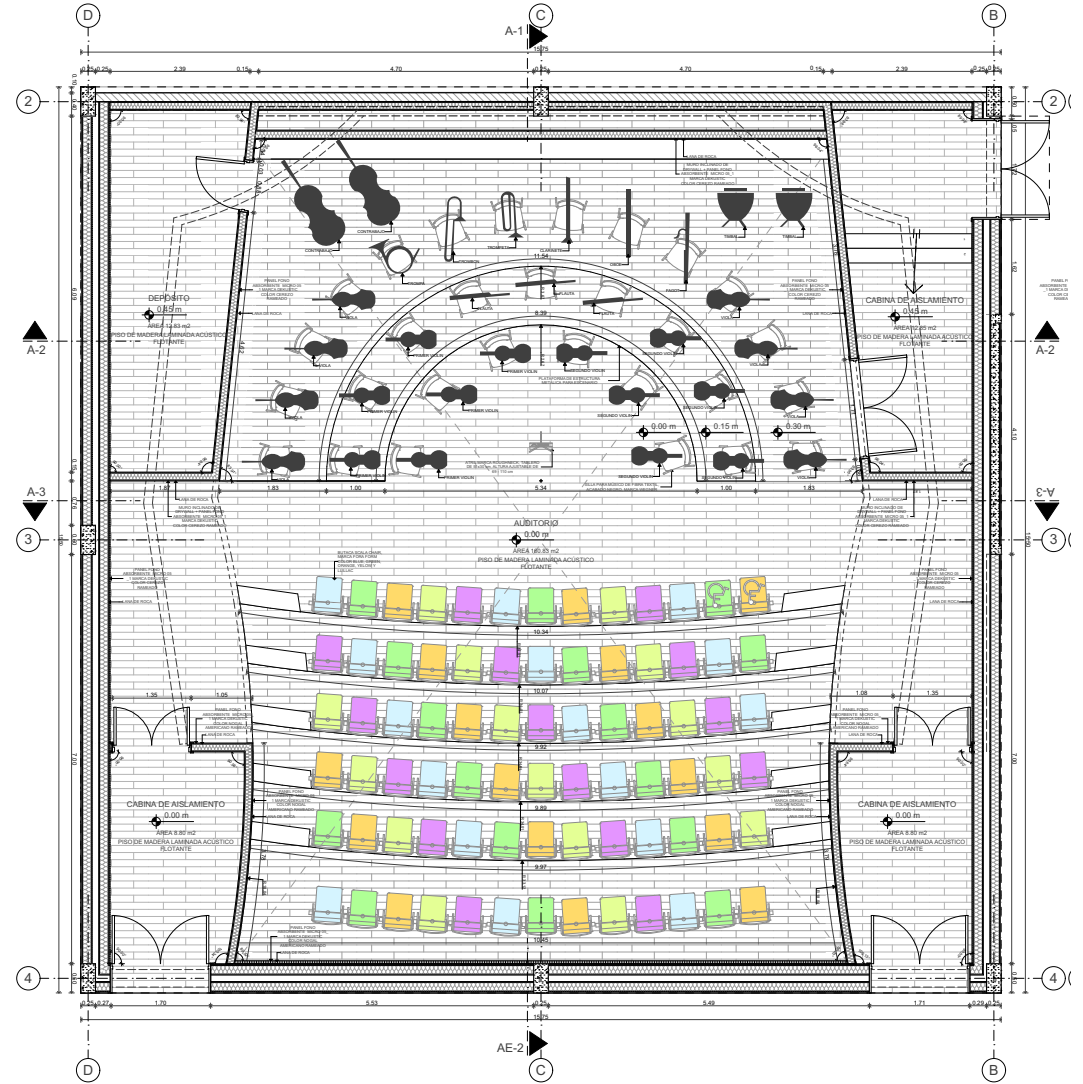
# 1. Auditorium



Legend of main spaces  
 1. Auditorium  
 2. Rehearsal Room  
 3. Gallery

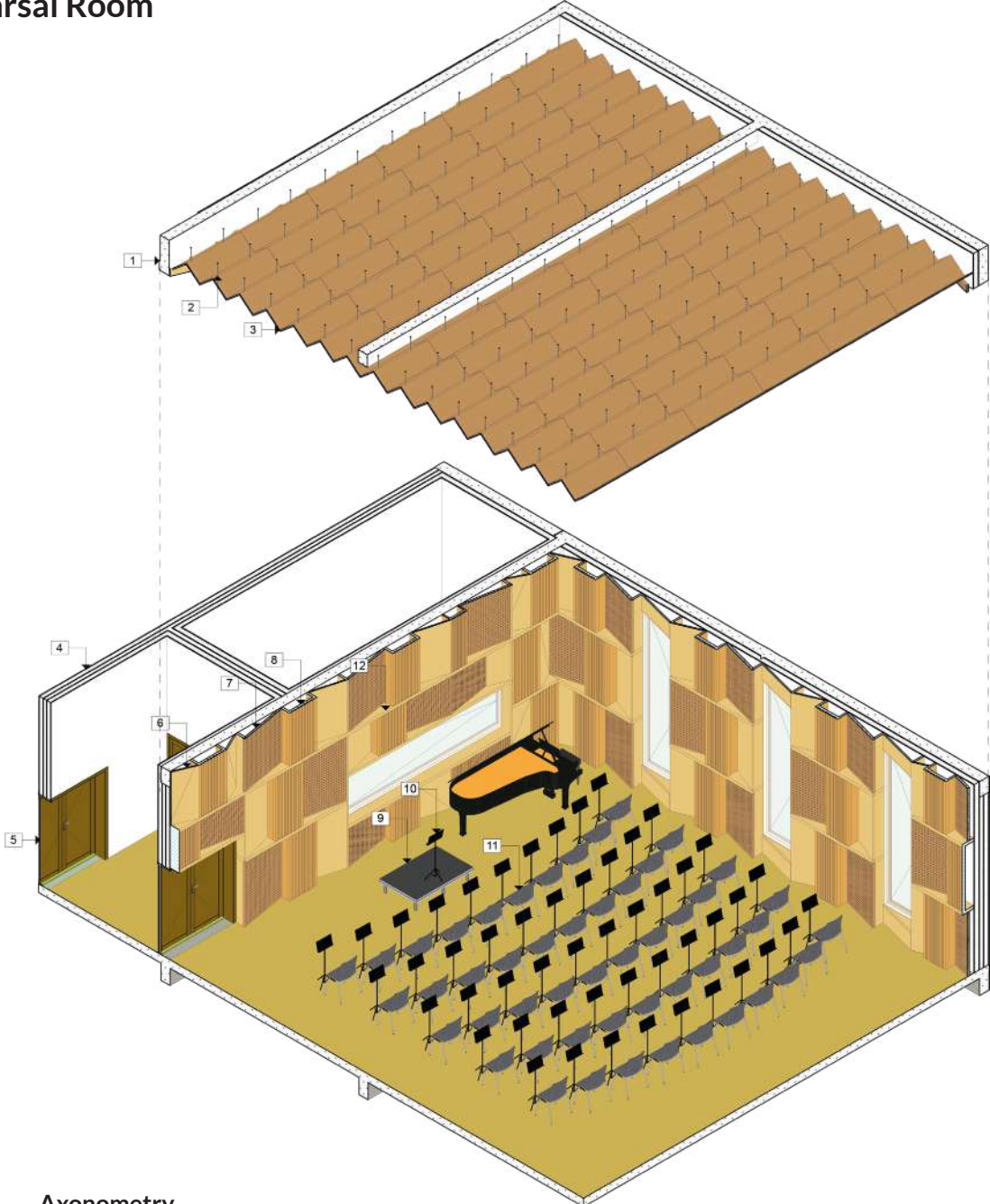


Axonometry



Enlarged floor plan

2. Rehearsal Room

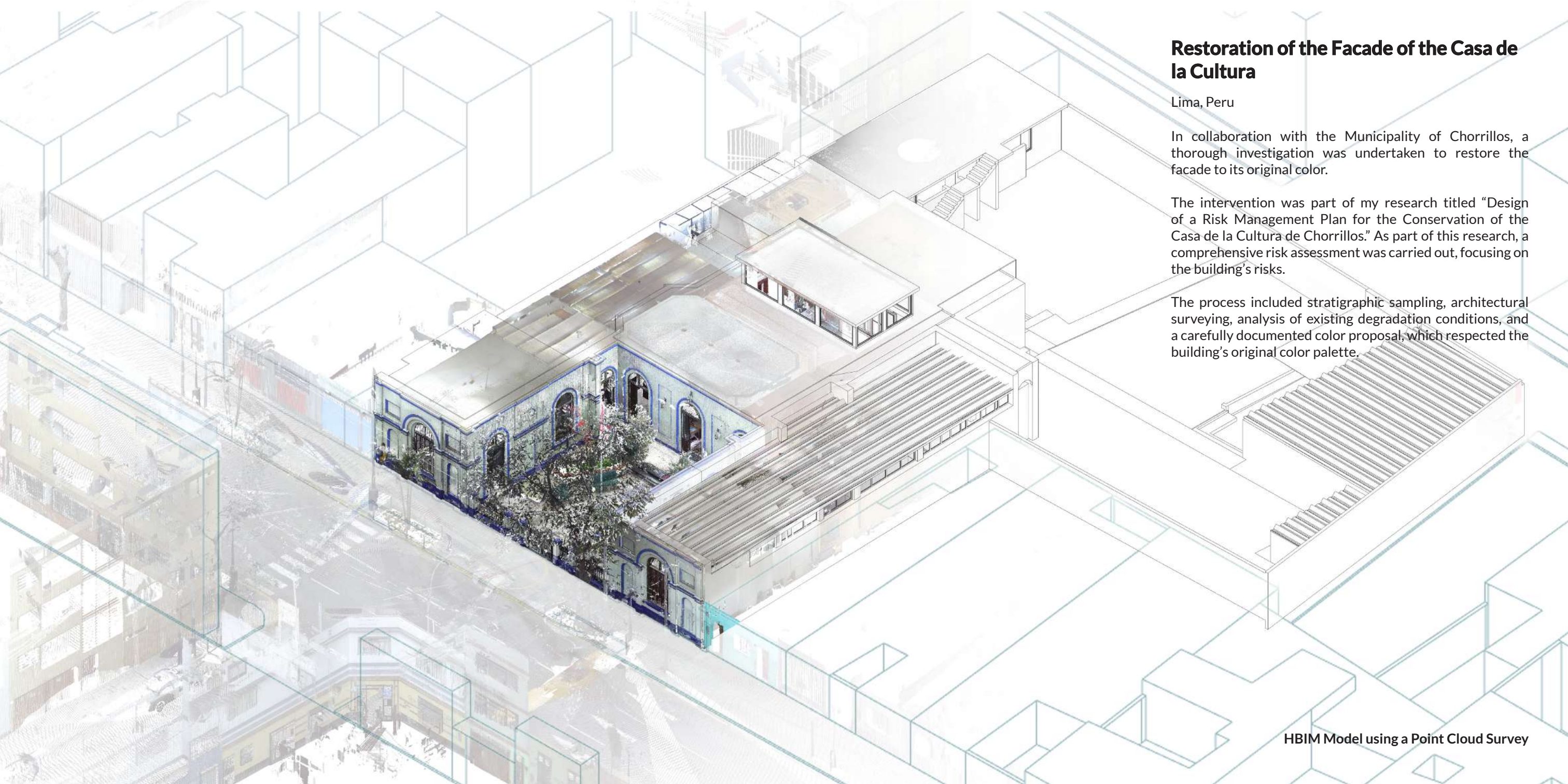


Axonometry



Interior view





## Restoration of the Facade of the Casa de la Cultura

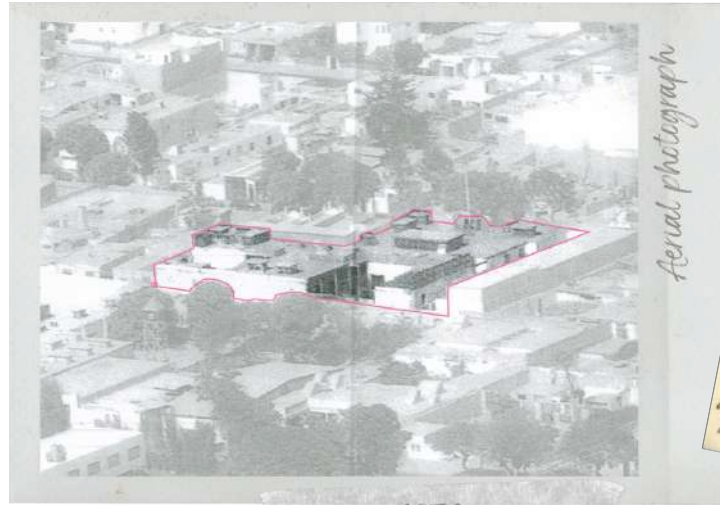
Lima, Peru

In collaboration with the Municipality of Chorrillos, a thorough investigation was undertaken to restore the facade to its original color.

The intervention was part of my research titled "Design of a Risk Management Plan for the Conservation of the Casa de la Cultura de Chorrillos." As part of this research, a comprehensive risk assessment was carried out, focusing on the building's risks.

The process included stratigraphic sampling, architectural surveying, analysis of existing degradation conditions, and a carefully documented color proposal, which respected the building's original color palette.

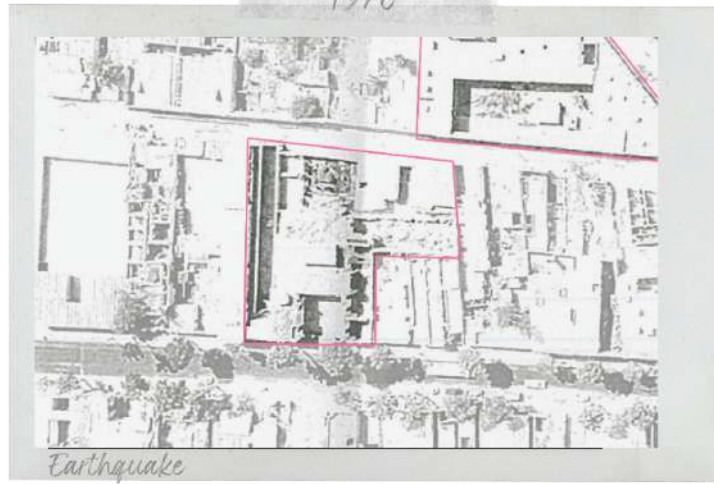
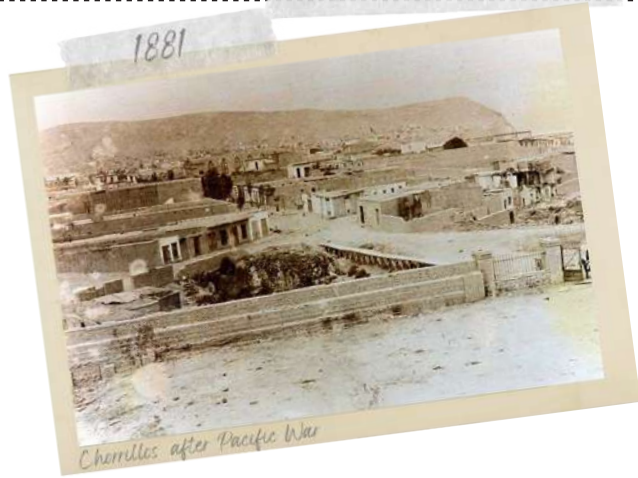
Historic reseach of the architectural changes through time



1970



1976





Elevation of Agents of deterioration in the facade

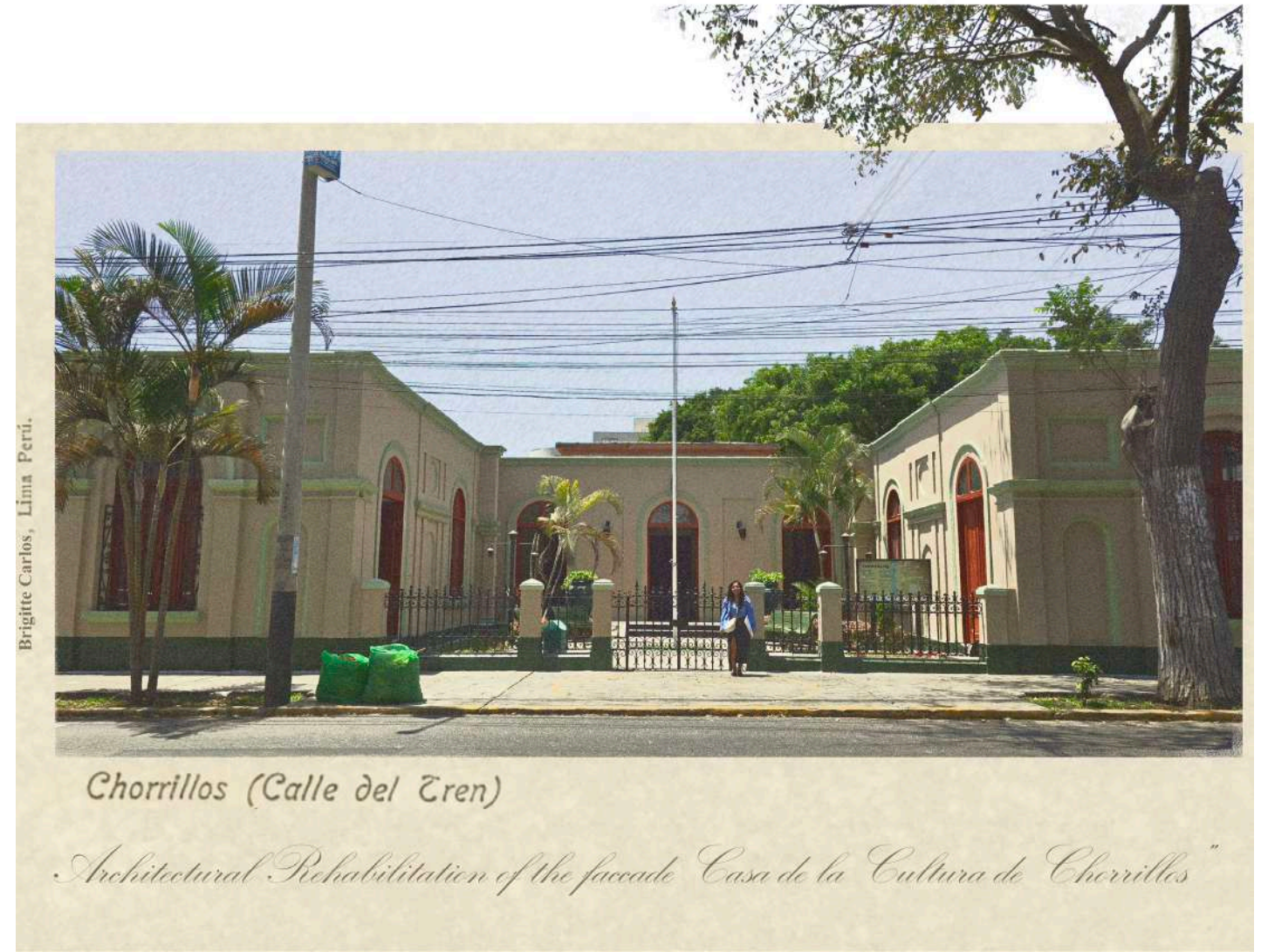


Elevation Color Combiation Proposal

One of the main deterioration agents identified was rising damp, due to the building's proximity to the Pacific Ocean.

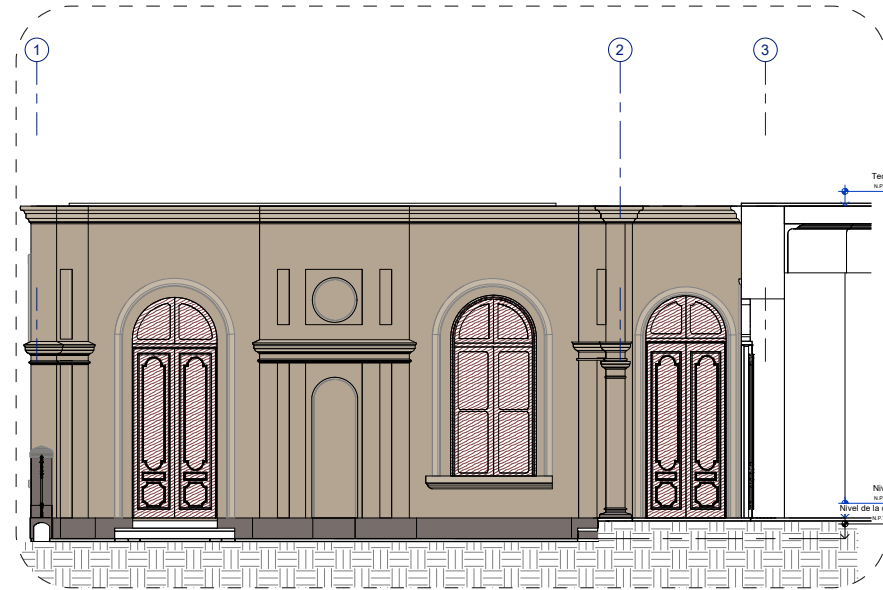


"Calle del Tren" Postal (1870-1936)

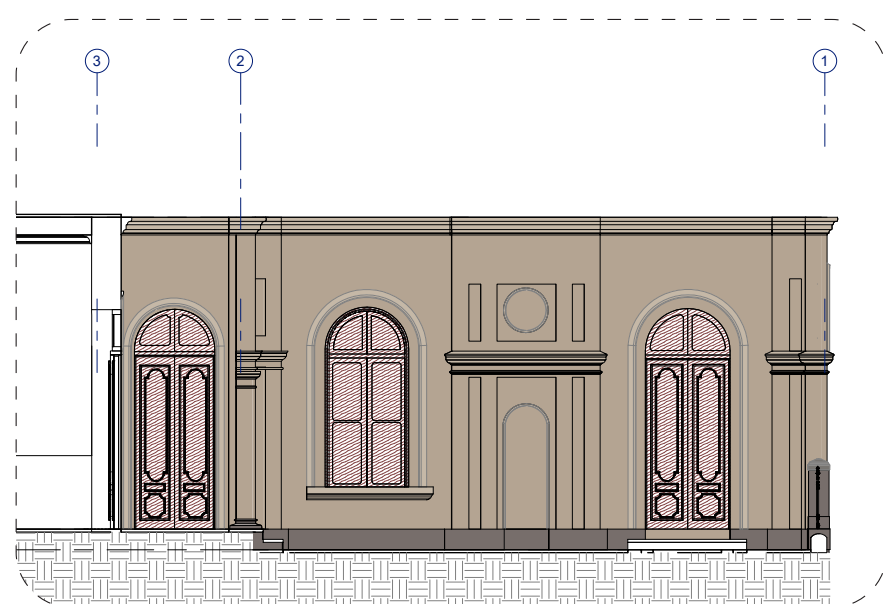


Facade intervention (2025)

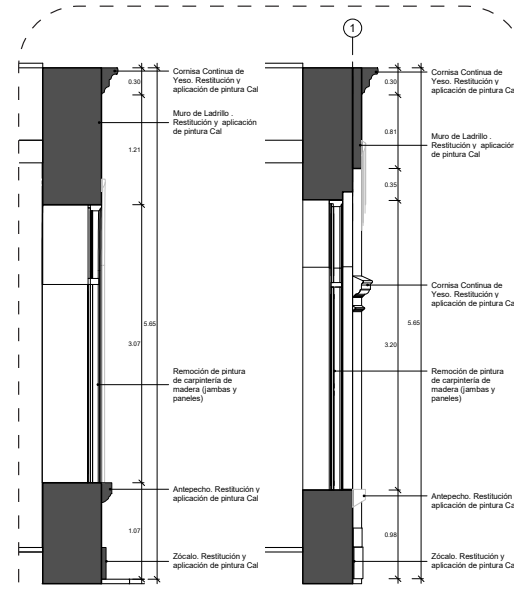
# Construction Details



Section 1

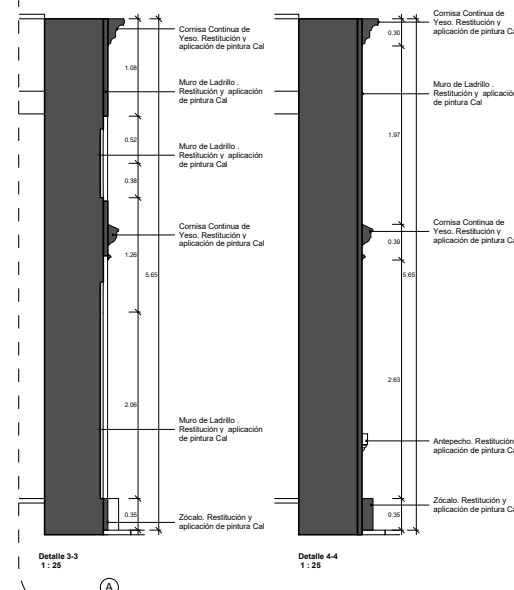


Section 2



Detalle 1-1

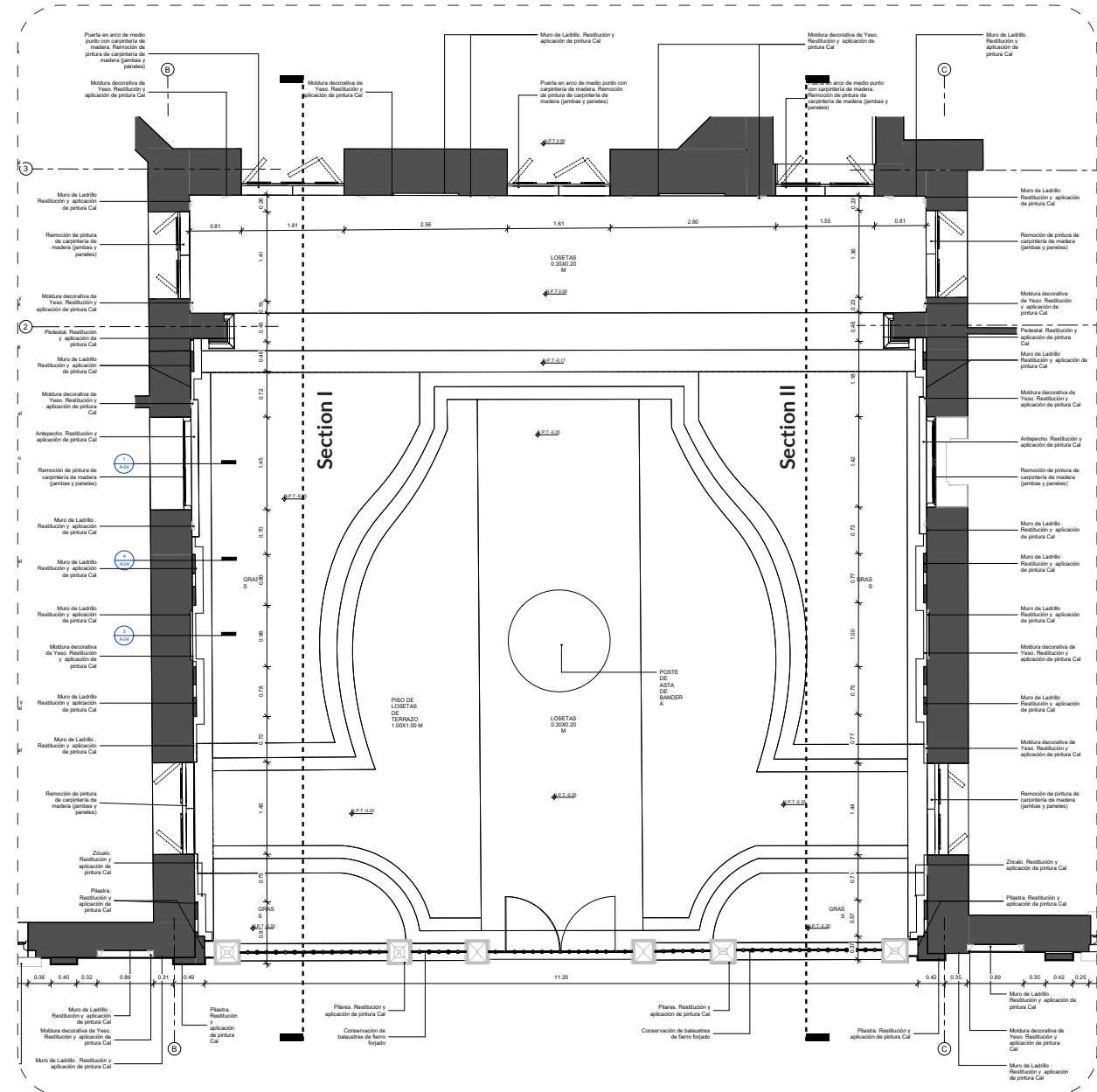
Detalle 2-2



Detalle 3-3

Detalle 4-4

Wall Details



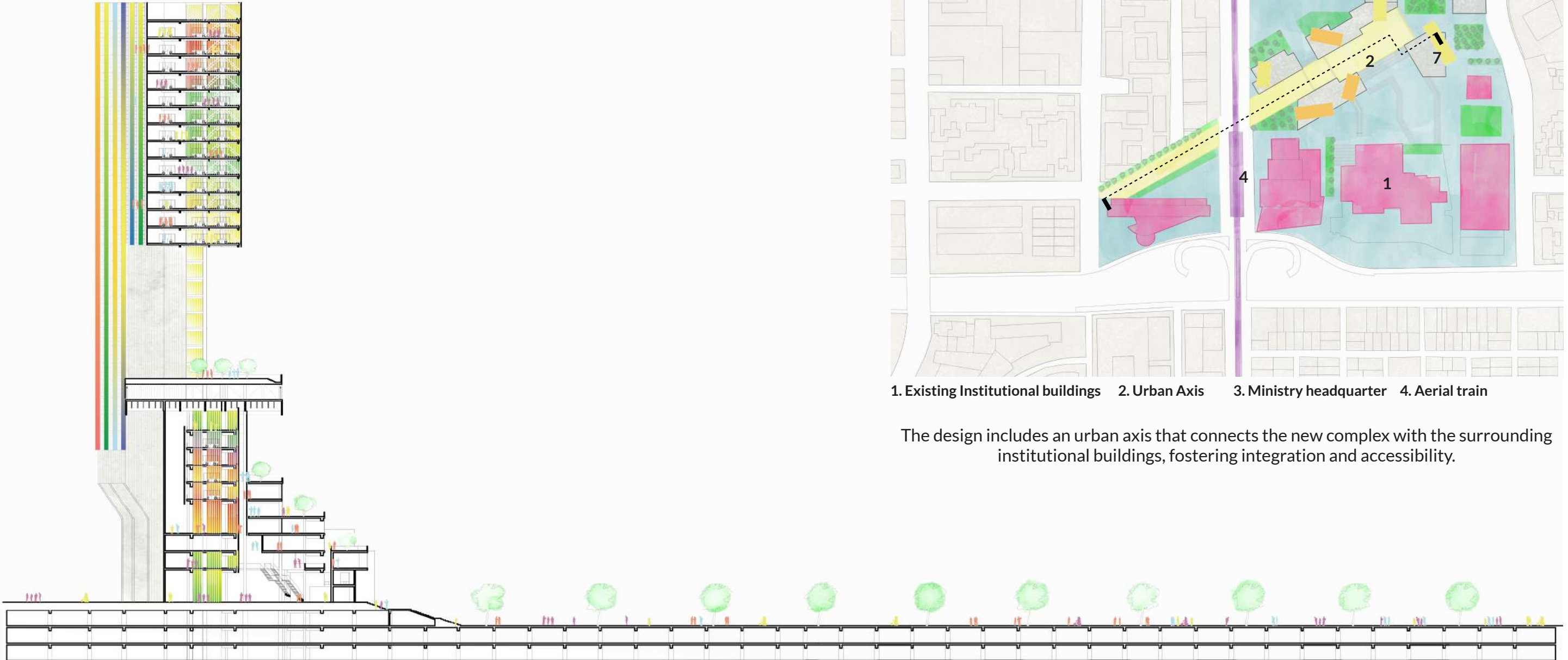
Enlarged Plan Faccade

## Ministry headquarter Complex

San Borja, Lima

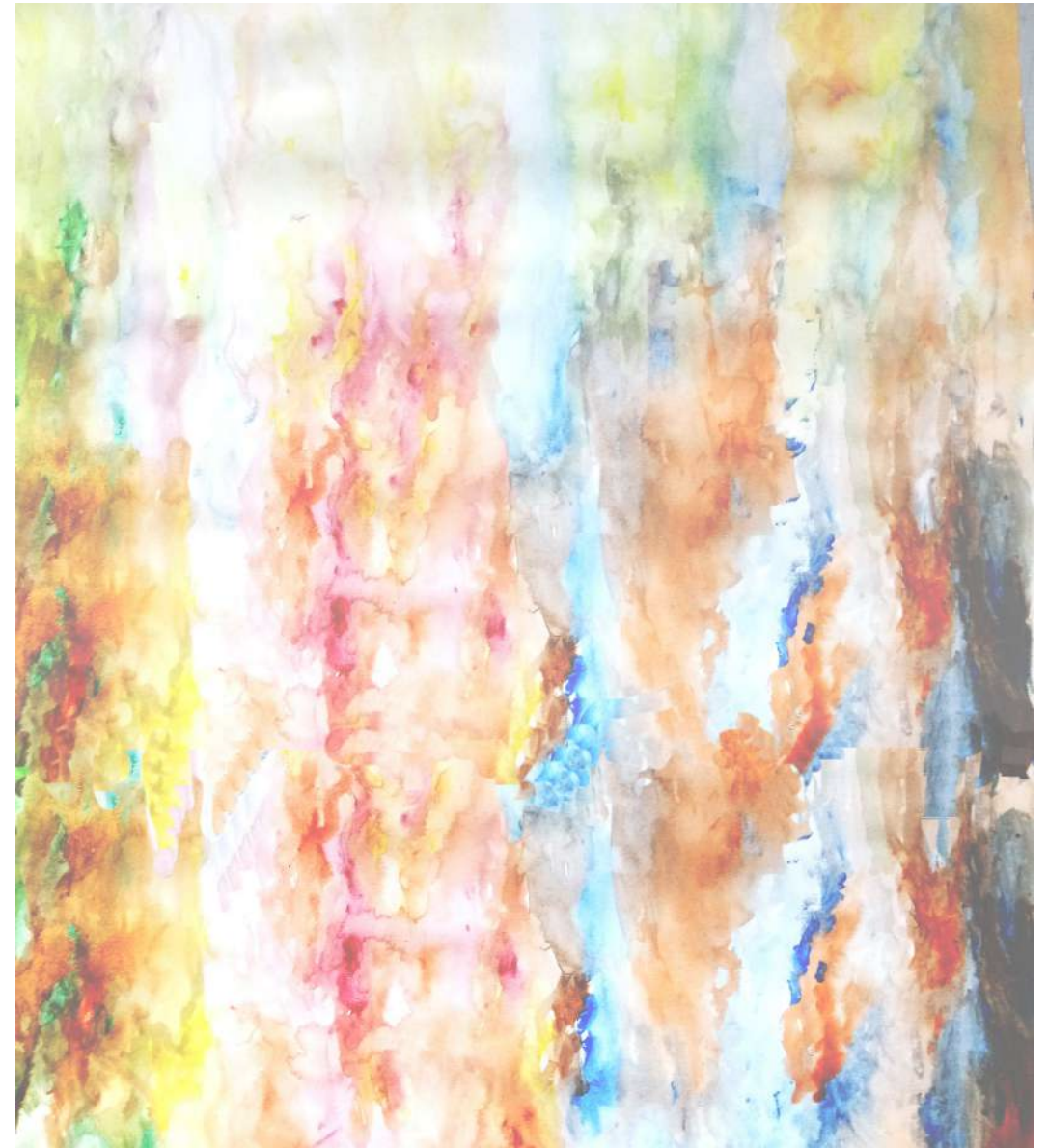
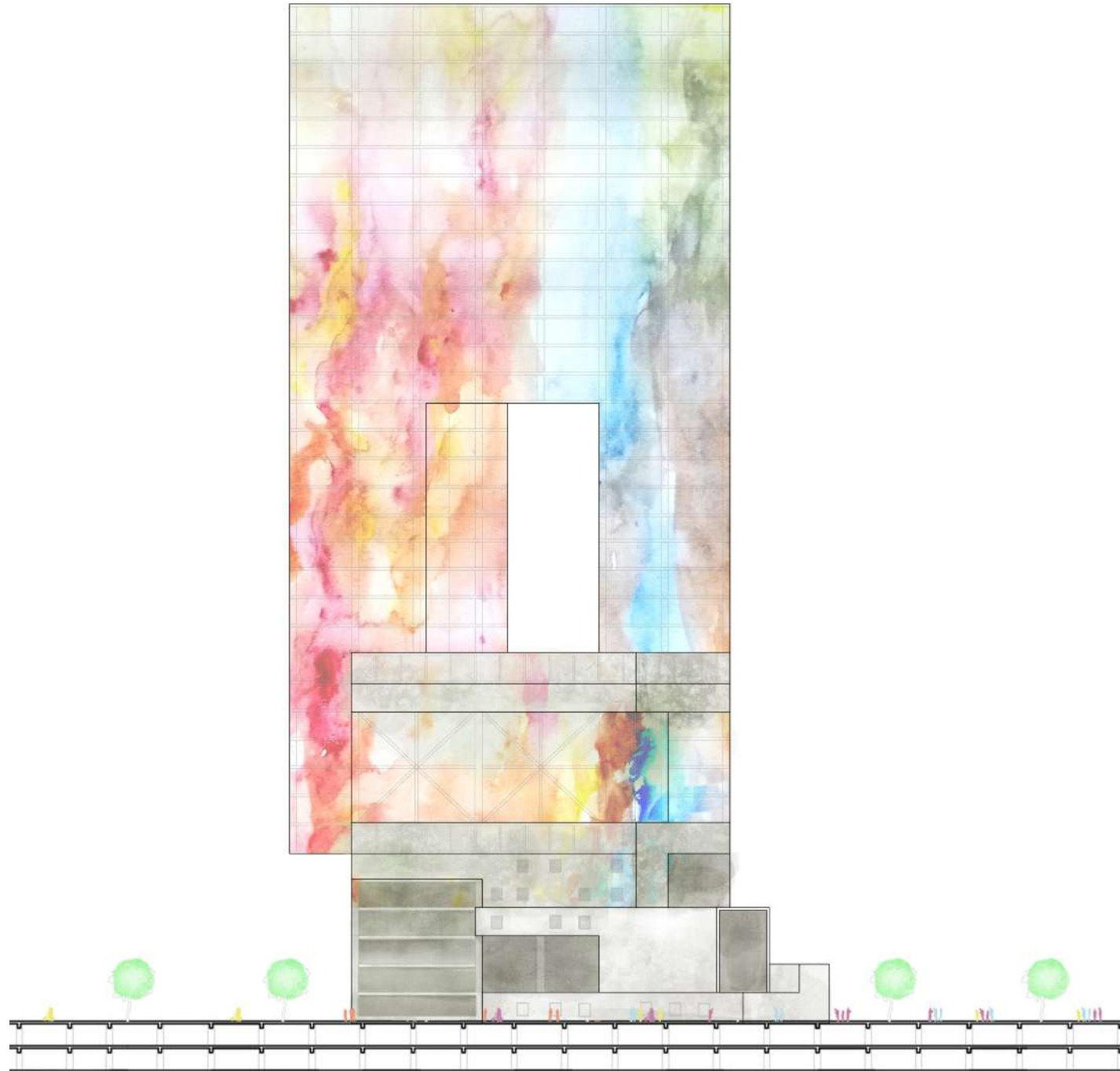
The Peruvian government is composed of 18 ministries, many of which have offices scattered throughout Lima, making inter institutional coordination difficult. This project proposes a new government office complex, strategically located in San Borja, near major public institutions such as the Ministry of Culture, Ministry of Education, the National Library, and the National Convention Center.





1. Existing Institutional buildings 2. Urban Axis 3. Ministry headquarter 4. Aerial train

The design includes an urban axis that connects the new complex with the surrounding institutional buildings, fostering integration and accessibility.



A painting as the facade concept



The facade is wrapped in a colorful glass inspired by a painting I created specifically for this project, as a personal exploration of how color can influence workplace environments.



